

# THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

"Of the People and for the People."

Single Copies 5 Cents.

VOLUME 24.

CHELSEA, MICH., THURSDAY, JAN. 3, 1895.

NUMBER 19.

## A GENUINE BARGAIN SALE!

From Now

Until Jan. 23, 1895.

All Clothing 1-4 Off.

All Shoes 1-4 Off.

All Cloaks and Capes 1-4 Off.

Great Bargains in Dry Goods.

Remember in every department we show you  
more new goods than all other  
dealers in Chelsea  
Combined.

No humbugery, no trickery. Everything marked in plain figures  
and marked certainly from 25 to 40 per cent cheaper than old prices on  
old goods, and still we give you 1-4 off during this sale on the above  
lines for cash.

Goods charged only at regular prices.

W. P. SCHENK & CO.

For the Next 30 Days

Will Give

Special Bargains

In

Furniture,  
Stoves,  
Hardware,  
Lamps,  
and Crockery.

HOAG & HOLMES.

A few Cutters for sale Cheap.

**WE** Are Offering some Great Bargains  
In Shoes. While others are crying one-fourth and one-  
half off, our prices are always far below.

24 pounds granulated sugar \$1.00  
35 pounds brown sugar \$1.00  
2 packages yeast cakes for 5 cents

Electric kerosine oil 7 cents per gallon.  
Good roasted coffee 19 cents per pound.  
Good New Orleans Molasses 25c per gal

Try our Black Cross Tea at 50c per lb., it is fine.

Bring us your butter and eggs, we will give you the highest  
market price. Yours for Bargains,

W. F. RIEMENSCHNEIDER & CO'S.

JOHN BAUMGARDNER,

Designer and Builder of

\* Artistic Granite Memorials. \*

Office, 6 Detroit St., Ann Arbor, Mich.

Established 1893.

We keep on hand large quantities of all the various granites in the  
rough, and are prepared to execute fine monumental work on short notice.  
Original Designs. Correspondence Solicited. Electric Works 6, 8, 10  
Detroit St., and 27-19 5th Ave. Dock and Derriek 2-8 Miller Ave.

### Freer-Staffan.

It is not often that a small select com-  
pany of relatives and friends experience  
an hour of greater pleasure than was en-  
joyed at the residence of Jacob Staffan, on  
Summit street, Tuesday evening, Janu-  
ary 1st, 1895. The occasion was the marriage  
of their daughter Tressa H. to Fred N.  
Freer, M. D., who has recently entered  
upon his professional labors at Beaverton,  
Gladwin county, in this state. The cere-  
mony that united their two lives in one  
was performed by Rev. Thomas Holmes,  
D. D. After the ceremony the company  
sat down to a bountiful repast. Beautiful  
and valuable presents were not wanting.  
Dr. and Mrs. Freer were reared in our  
midst, are well known to the entire com-  
munity, and are highly esteemed by all who  
know them. Reluctantly we parted with  
them about 11 o'clock Tuesday night; and  
before this notice falls under the eye of the  
reader, they will have arrived at their own  
quite and happy home, at Beaverton  
whither the heartiest good wishes of their  
numerous friends will follow them.

### 1895.

Another year has just passed and gone,  
and to day we stand upon the threshold of  
a new year, wondering what it will bring  
to us, whether joy or sorrow, yet always  
hoping for the best. As we enter the new  
year, let us look over the past twelve  
months of joy and sadness, successes and  
failures, and see if we cannot profit by the  
lessons we may learn. If we have made  
a failure, in any undertaking, let us shun a  
repetition of the same; if we have made a  
success, let us try to find out what made  
the success.

A year ago, we may have made many  
good resolutions. Let us ask ourselves  
candidly how well we have kept those  
resolutions. If we find that we have not  
been true to our promises, let our first  
resolution be to keep all the promises that  
we make. Let us each resolve to try to  
make the world better this year than it has  
been in the past.

Again let us urge you to make no  
promises that you cannot keep. To make  
a resolution to-day and break it to-morrow  
shows only weakness of character. In all  
of our acts, let us be firm, true and honest  
then the world will be better for us having  
lived in it.

### L. O. T. M.

Columbian Hive, No. 284, L. O. T. M.,  
elected the following officers for the en-  
suing year.

Commander—Mrs. Mary Boyd.  
Lt. Commander—Mrs. Edna Martin.  
Past Commander—Mrs. Ella Drislane.  
Record Keeper—Mrs. Lucy Stephens.  
Finance Keeper—Mrs. Lois Bacon.  
Chaplain—Mrs. Carrie Clark.  
Sergeant—Mrs. Ada Speer.  
Mistress at Arms—Mrs. Bertha Stephens.  
Sentinel—Mrs. Julia Foster.  
Picket—Mrs. Belena Negus.

### Letter List.

Following are the letters remaining un-  
claimed in the postoffice at Chelsea  
Dec. 31, 1894.

Mr Geo. E. Johnson.  
Mr. E. F. Pretz.

Persons calling for any of the above  
please say "advertised."

GEO. S. LAIRD P. M.

### Two Lives Saved.

Mrs. Phoebe Thomas, of Junction City,  
Ill., was told by her doctors she had Con-  
sumption and that there was no hope for  
her, but two bottles Dr. King's New  
Discovery completely cured her and she  
says it saved her life. Mr. Thos. Eggers,  
139 Florida St. San Francisco, suffered  
from a dreadful cold, approaching Con-  
sumption, tried without result everything  
else then bought one bottle of Dr. King's  
New Discovery and in two weeks was  
cured. He is naturally thankful. It is  
such results, of which these are samples,  
that prove the wonderful efficacy of this  
medicine in Coughs and Colds. Free trial  
bottles at F. P. Glazier & Co's drug store.  
Regular size 50c and \$1.00.

### Rheumatic Twinges.

Are escaped by the use of Humphreys'  
Specific No. 15. The infallible cure for  
Rheumatism, Sciatica and Lumbago. For  
sale by all druggists, 25 cents.

1895.

Looks kind of odd at first sight doesn't it, but it will probably be no  
different than the rest, except that we will quote

PRICES Lower  
Than  
Ever.

At the Bank Drug Store. We feel confident that our efforts to win  
trade solely on the

BASIS  
OF  
MERIT

Is being appreciated, and we will make greater efforts this year than  
ever before to please our customers and bring them to the old store  
on the corner.

We quote you

ZERO PRICES:

24 pounds granulated sugar for \$1.00  
28 pounds brown sugar for \$1.00.  
Our Coffees make Customers every day.  
7 cakes good laundry soap for 25 cents.  
A first-class lantern for 29 cents.  
Choice baked beans 10 cents per can.  
Nice canned corn 7 cents per can.  
8 pounds rolled oats for 25 cents.  
6 pounds raisins for 25 cents.  
Fresh juicy Florida oranges 18 and 25 cents per dozen.  
4½ pounds best rice for 25 cents.  
A good broom for 15 cents.  
Banner smoking tobacco 15 cents per pound.  
Good plug tobacco 25 cents per pound.  
Choicest corn syrup 30 cents per gallon.  
Best cream cheese 12½ cents per pound.

Yours for Close Prices,

F. P. Glazier & Co.

Served Exclusively to the  
Over Twenty-One Million People  
admitted to World's Fair Grounds



Universally accepted as the  
Leading Fine Coffee of the World.

A good coffee at 19c per pound.  
One at 25c per pound.

The best that grows at 40c per pound.

Coffee

-- And --

Teas.

We are offering fine  
goods in this line.

A first-class coffee at 28c per lb.  
A very fine one at 35c per lb.

TEAS.

A good tea at 30c per pound. A better one at 40c per pound.  
The best Japan tea that grows at 50c per pound.

We also carry a fine line of Black Teas, also a nice line of English  
Breakfast Teas. Call and see us. Yours truly,

GEO. BLAICH.

Chelsea Steam Laundry,

S. A. Mapes, Prop.,

North Street, West., - Chelsea, Michigan.

We now have every facility for doing first-class  
work, and will make every effort to merit your  
patronage. Give us a call.

S. A. MAPES.

Goods Called For and Delivered.

FRANK SHAVER,

Proprietor of the

City Barber Shop & Bath Rooms

Babcock building, N. Main St.

CHELSEA, - MICHIGAN.

Excelsior Bakery,

Chelsea, Mich.

Fresh Bread, Cakes and Pies always on  
hand. First-class Restaurant in connection

WM. CASPARY.



# THE CHELSEA HERALD

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

CHELSEA, : : MICHIGAN

## THE NEWS.

Compiled From Late Dispatches.

### DOMESTIC.

Two young Alabama ruffians fired into a schoolhouse near Brownridge, fatally wounding four of the pupils.

The wife and 6-year-old son of Yellow Bull, of the Rosebud Agency, S. D., a subchief of the Sioux, were found murdered in an isolated spot.

A statement prepared at the internal revenue bureau in Washington shows that the net decrease in the receipts during November, 1894, for those of November, 1893, was \$4,111,314.

GEORGE KING, a desperate negro, was lynched at New Orleans, and James Williams met a like fate at Mount Brook, Fla.

The Nebraska state relief commission says there are over 2,800 families in the state needing aid because of crop failure.

MICAJA ROWSEY, a desperado, was killed at Junction City, Ky., by Town Marshal Ellis, whom he resisted. Rowsey was the last of a father and seven sons, all of whom died with their boots on.

E. D. WITT & Co., proprietors of the East End theater, Pittsburgh, Pa., assigned with liabilities of \$100,000.

The killing of Joseph H. Isom, a white man, near Quitman, Ga., led to a race war in which seven negroes had been shot and more shooting was expected.

RINGLEADERS of the gang which robbed David Slocum and wife of Erie, Pa., of \$10,000 after torturing them, were captured.

The first of a series of attacks on the income tax law was begun in the supreme court of the District of Columbia by John G. Moore.

SOME 300 people left Elberton, Ga., for Texas, where they go, they claim, to better their condition. Men, women and children composed the party.

FIRE destroyed "The Sailors' House" in Vallejo, Cal., and three of the boarders were cremated.

HENRY KINNETT, a farmer living near Preble, O., was bunked out of \$3,000 by the tin box scheme.

Mrs. CHARLES CORNWALL, of Brooklyn, N. Y., left her three children alone and the house taking fire, they were burned to death.

RICH gold-bearing ore was discovered during the sinking of a well on a farm near Brownville, Neb.

CLARENCE COX and John Staley were hanged at Maynardville, Tenn. A crowd of 3,500 razed the stockade and viewed the execution.

ROBERT BIRD and John Spann were killed and three men fatally hurt by the explosion of the boiler of a gristmill at Bonayr, Ky.

FIRE in the lumber yards of A. Weston & Son at Tonawanda, N. Y., caused a loss of \$175,000.

The funeral of ex-Senator Alcorn at Eagle's Nest, Miss., was attended by 300 negroes, the majority of whom were his former slaves.

THE Oregon Pacific road, the construction and equipment of which cost \$11,000,000, was sold at auction for \$100,000.

SNEAK thieves entered a barber shop in St. Louis and stole a pocketbook belonging to Michael Doran containing \$28,000.

FOUR concerns doing business in Milwaukee failed with liabilities aggregating \$195,000.

CHRISTMAS editions of the San Francisco Examiner and the Rocky Mountain News of Denver were issued by society women.

At Vineland, N. J., a fast express train collided with a carriage and killed three of the occupants.

WHILE skating in a park at St. Paul three students of the St. Paul college broke through the ice and were drowned.

The original manuscript of "America" was sent to the pope by David Pells Secor for deposit in the vatican library.

SAMUEL C. SEELY, who stole \$354,000 from the Shoe and Leather bank of New York, was sentenced to a term of eight years.

THE body of ex-Sheriff James R. Curry, who had died from some peculiar disease, was stolen from its grave at Greenwood, Ind.

JOHN E. BITTLE and his wife were arrested at St. Joe, Mo., charged with being the leaders of a band of counterfeiters.

Mrs. KELHER, of English, Ind., in burning some old letters destroyed \$2,400, the total proceeds of the sale of her home.

At Huntsville, Ala., Mrs. Ida Ross was given a verdict of \$16,000 against the Western Union Telegraph company for failure to deliver a message to her husband.

Mrs. MYRTLE SIMPSON poisoned herself at Peoria, Ill., because of her husband's fondness for a 6-year-old daughter by a former wife.

EUGENE V. DEBS and other members of the American Railway union were granted a stay of sentence in Chicago until January 8.

Gov. PENNOYER, of Oregon, sent an appeal to President Cleveland to withdraw his opposition to the free coinage of silver.

On the ground that the act is illegal, the income tax law will again be fought in the United States senate.

WEARIED of waiting for a lover who had deserted her years ago on Christmas day, Miss Miller, of Johnstown, Pa., ended her life.

JUDGE WALL, of Leadville, says that there is no law in Colorado prohibiting a man from burning his own house.

WHILE eating Christmas dinner at the home of a friend in Rockford, Ill., Henry R. Evans was taken ill and died within a few hours.

CHARLES EDWARD DUFFEE, the ball player, better known as "Home Run Duffee," died at Mobile, Ala., from consumption.

NEARLY 2,000,000 feet of lumber and twenty loaded railway cars were destroyed by fire at Burlington, Vt., the loss being \$150,000.

MANY farmers and merchants were financially ruined by the failure of the Citizens' stock bank and Slater savings bank at Slater, Mo.

THE state normal college for girls at Livingstone, one of the most prosperous institutions in Alabama, was burned.

A HEAVY snowstorm raged from Nebraska to the Atlantic coast.

EDWARD R. CARTER, for twenty-nine years a clerk in the National bank of commerce of New York, confessed to embezzling \$80,000.

WILLIAM S. WHITMAN, of Winooski, Vt., shot and killed his wife and two boys and then committed suicide. Domestic trouble was the cause.

A. W. ALTON, of New Jerusalem, Tex., when arrested in New Orleans upon the charge of insanity said he was on the way to Washington to kill the president.

EIGHTEEN persons were seriously injured in a collision between passenger trains at Waxahachie, Tex.

ALIX failed in an effort to lower her record at Los Angeles, trotting a mile in 2:05 1/2. The 2-year-old Directly paced a mile in 2:08.

The largest single mail ever brought across the Atlantic arrived in New York on the steamer Majestic. It was in 1,673 bags.

ANNIE FREEZE, a 15-year-old girl, was abducted from the home of her grandfather near Hicksville, O., by unknown persons.

A MAIL pouch destined for Hartford and containing 600 letters was stolen from the depot platform at New Haven, Conn.

DAN McDONALD and Will Carter (colored) were lynched by a mob near Meridian, Miss., for killing Jacob Copp, aged 75 years.

STATE teachers' associations of Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, Michigan, Indiana, Nebraska, South Dakota and Kansas held their annual meetings.

EX-CAPT. STEPHENSON, of New York, the first of the police officials convicted as a result of the Lexow investigation, was sentenced to three years and nine months imprisonment and fined \$1,000.

THE visible supply of grain in the United States on the 26th was: Wheat, 89,071,000 bushels; corn, 8,838,000 bushels; oats, 9,000,000 bushels; rye, 452,000 bushels; barley, 3,306,000 bushels.

FIVE white boys were fatally burned in a suburb of Richmond, Va., by an explosion of gunpowder.

WILLIAM BLAKESLEY, of Sacramento, Cal., supposed by his parents to be dead for thirty years, gladdened their hearts at Trenton, N. J., by letting them know he is alive.

MADLINE POLLARD's attorneys propose to follow Breckinridge on his lecture tour and attach the receipts.

A PRAIRIE fire swept over a large area in the southern part of "N" county, O. T., and a number of farmers lost everything they owned and barely escaped with their families.

THE old capitol building at Atlanta, Ga., was burned, the loss being \$100,000.

ALEX WILLIAMSON and Will Perry, two young men living at Coalburg, Ala., fought for the hand of Nannie Bell and both were killed.

THE worst blizzard in years swept over the western and eastern states. Along the Massachusetts coast many ships were wrecked, causing great loss of life, and in the cities of Boston and New York much damage was done by the storm.

BURGERS broke into the home of Henry Fecker, at Piqua, O., and carried off his savings, amounting to \$4,750.

JOHN W. FOSTER, ex-secretary of state, has consented to go to Japan to aid the Chinese representatives in bringing about peace.

FARMERS and robbers engaged in a desperate fight near Salem, O., and two of the former were shot and one of the latter.

THE bank at Somonauk, Ill., was entered by burglars, who robbed the safe of \$8,100 and a large amount of valuables.

JOSEPH BIDWELL and William Finley, farmers of Union county, were killed near Columbus, O., by a Pan-Handle train.

COLLEGE presidents of Indiana and Iowa decided to forbid intercollegiate football games.

AUGUST PERMONTIR shot and fatally wounded Miss Meister, the daughter of his landlady at New Castle, Pa., and Robert Charles, another boarder, and then blew out his own brains. He was insane.

IOWA attorneys met in Des Moines and organized a state bar association. A. J. McCreary, of Keokuk, was elected president.

SIX horses and two mules were killed in Philadelphia by coming in contact with electric light wires blown down by a storm.

THE dry goods and millinery firm of J. Lichtenstein & Sons, New York, failed for \$450,000.

THE Illinois Teachers' association will urge the legislature to erect another normal school in the northern part of the state.

THE women's council of the Nineteenth Century club of Memphis, Tenn., voted to boycott Congressman Breckinridge's lecture.

### PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

EX-CONGRESSMAN MARQUETT, of Lincoln, Neb., died at Tampa, Fla., from rheumatism of the heart, aged 63 years.

EDWIN P. GREEN, aged 65, ex-president of the Ohio Bar association and former judge, died in Akron.

Mrs. EMILY ROBBINS TALCOTT, of West Hartford, the oldest resident in Connecticut, celebrated her 104th birthday. She was 9 years old when President Washington died.

ABRAM VAN FLEET, vice chancellor of New Jersey, died from heart disease at his home in Newark.

Miss CELESTE STAUFFER, who was engaged to Samuel J. Tilden at the time of his death, was married in New Orleans to George S. Eastwick.

COL. MICHAEL FRANK, the father of the free school system of Wisconsin, died at Kenosha at the age of 90 years.

"SIM" COY, for many years a picturesque figure in Indiana politics, died at his home in Indianapolis, aged 44 years.

### FOREIGN.

Mrs. WILLIAM WALDORF ASTOR, wife of the American millionaire, died at Cliveden-on-the-Thames.

TEN THOUSAND Chinese, who defended Haiti Cheng, were worsted by the Japanese after a four hours' battle.

ACTING under American advice, China decided to send a new mission to Japan to sue for terms of peace direct.

BRAZILIAN troops burned a house at San Gabriel used as a hospital and 120 rebels perished.

THE Mohammedan inhabitants of Turfan, Kashgar, were in open rebellion, desiring to shake off the yoke of China and found an independent government under Russian suzerainty.

THE British steamer Abydos was lost off Port Erin in a gale and twenty-two persons were drowned.

AUSTRIA, it was said, proposed to join Germany in retaliating on the United States if the sugar duties were not modified.

A BAND of marauding Yaqui Indians in the western part of Guaymas, Mexico, visited the ranch of Julio Cardenas and massacred the latter and his entire family, consisting of wife and two children.

FRANCIS II., ex-king of Naples, died at Arco, in the Austrian Tyrol, at the age of 59.

ANOTHER rebellion was threatened in Brazil. The army, which is devoted to Peixoto, refused to obey President Moraes' orders, and 200 officers were imprisoned.

DR. JOSE ELLAURI, twice president of Uruguay, died at Montevideo.

### LATER.

THERE were 350 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 28th, against 349 the week previous and 511 in the corresponding time in 1893.

THE president has approved the act to establish a national military park at the battlefield of Shiloh.

FIVE men were killed and a number of others badly scalded by the explosion of a sawmill boiler at Bonayr, Ky.

OFFICERS searching for a stolen body in Indianapolis found twenty bodies of various ages in an empty house.

PETER MURDOCK, a New Orleans motorman, shot his wife and then blew out his own brains with a revolver.

THE county treasury at Santa Rosa, Cal., was robbed by a burglar of \$8,000.

MICHIGAN teachers in session at Lansing declared in favor of free text books and against teachers using tobacco.

AT Wellington, Mich., Matthew Palmer cut his wife's throat and then cut his own. Both were dead.

TWENTY-FIVE bakers in Cincinnati reduced the price of bread from five to three cents.

AT Silver Lake, Ore., during a Christmas celebration a lamp exploded and forty-one persons were burned to death and fifteen injured.

LEELER's hotel and other buildings in Waterbury, Conn., were destroyed by fire, entailing a loss of \$100,000.

OUTLAWS, supposed to belong to the Dalton gang, burned the courthouse at Stillwater, O. T., with all its records.

DOSS HATTS murdered his fiancée, Lizzie Smith, at Hunter Hill, Ala., and then killed himself.

EX-SENATOR JAMES G. FAIR, the bonanza millionaire, died at the Lick house in San Francisco of asthma, aged 63 years.

FLAMES swept away a business block in Buffalo, N. Y., the loss being \$300,000.

TWO STICKS, the Sioux Indian who murdered four cowboys February 3, 1893, was hanged at Deadwood, S. D., protesting his innocence.

My Little Maid.  
Looking into her clear gray eyes,  
My little maid,  
I watch their changeful lights arise,  
Not undimmed,  
For should I wrong her gentle trust,  
Serene, complete,  
What keenest loss forever must  
My future meet.  
We walk through ways with danger fraught,  
Of naught afraid,  
In sweet exchange of inmost thought—  
My little maid.  
—Corra S. Wheeler, in S. S. Times.

### LOW-RATE EXCURSION

January 15, 1895.  
On the above date the MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY and IRON MOUNTAIN ROUTE will sell tickets at half rates (plus \$2) from St. Louis, Cairo and Missouri River gateways to all points on their lines in Arkansas, Louisiana, including points on the K. C., W. & G.; to all points in Texas, Denning, N. M., and Pecos Valley points in New Mexico. Will also sell from and through St. Louis to points in Missouri south and west of Harrisonville; from and through St. Louis, Kansas City, Leavenworth, Atchison, St. Joseph and Omaha to points in Kansas, Nebraska and Colorado. For particulars regarding limit, stop-over privileges and further information see nearest ticket agent.

H. C. TOWNSEND,  
General Passenger Agent, ST. LOUIS.

UNITED THEY STAND.—Mrs. Jones—"How does your husband get along with your mother?" Mrs. Smith—"Whenever there is the slightest sign of trouble I get them to talk about the baby."—Brooklyn Life.


Cottolene as a Trade-Mark.  
An important and interesting trade-mark suit, which has been before the courts for some time, has recently reached a decision in the United States Circuit Court for the Southern District of New York. The suit was for an injunction against the infringement of complainant's (The N. K. Fairbank Company, Chicago) trade-mark "Cottolene" by the use of the word "Cottolene." The validity of Cottolene as a trade-mark was made permanent by an injunction, the case being summarized by the court as follows: "It seems to be the law that when manufacturers have educated the public to ask for a certain article by its trade-mark name, they have acquired the right to insist that products manufactured by others shall not be given to the public under that name. It is just that it should be so for the benefit derived from such name can only be obtained by faithful service in furnishing articles of recognized value. Moreover, if the trade-mark name might be adopted by others, inferior articles might then be produced and sold under it; and thereby the value to manufacturers of the reputation of the name used by them as a trade-mark would be destroyed."

AUTHOR'S WIFE—"Children, you must not be so noisy. Your father is writing his collected works."—Fliegende Blätter.

The True Laxative Principle  
Of the plants used in manufacturing the pleasant remedy, Syrup of Figs, has a permanently beneficial effect on the human system, while the cheap vegetable extracts and mineral solutions, usually sold as medicines, are permanently injurious. Being well informed, you will use the true remedy only. Manufactured by California Fig Syrup Co.

HEALS  
RUNNING  
SORES  
CURES THE  
SERPENT'S  
STING  
CONTAGIOUS  
BLOOD POISON  
In all its stages completely eradicated by S.S.S. Obsolete sores and ulcers yield to its healing powers. It removes the poison and builds up the system. Valuable treatise on the disease and its treatment mailed free. SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.


**WALTER BAKER & CO.**  
The Largest Manufacturers of  
**PURE, HIGH GRADE  
COCOAS AND CHOCOLATES**  
On this Continent, have received  
**HIGHEST AWARDS**  
from the great  
**Industrial and Food  
EXPOSITIONS**  
In Europe and America.



Unlike the Dutch Process, no Alkalies or other Chemicals or Dyes are used in any of their preparations. Their delicious BREAKFAST COCOA is absolutely pure and soluble, and costs less than one cent a cup.

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE.  
**WALTER BAKER & CO. DORCHESTER, MASS.**

**Blood Diseases**  
such as Scrofula and Anemia, Skin Eruptions and Pale or Sallow Complexions, are speedily cured by  
**Scott's Emulsion**



the Cream of Cod-liver Oil. No other remedy so quickly and effectively enriches and purifies the blood and gives nourishment to the whole system. It is pleasant to take and easy on the stomach.

Thin, Emaciated Persons and all suffering from Wasting Diseases are restored to health by Scott's Emulsion. Be sure you get the bottle with our trade-mark on it. Refuse cheap substitutes!

Send for pamphlet on Scott's Emulsion. FREE.  
Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All druggists. 50 cents and \$1.

## Pains in the Back

"I had been afflicted for several years with what the doctors called Diabetes, and suffered terribly. The pain in my back was agonizing in the extreme. Hood's Sarsaparilla and Hood's Pills cured me. Now I can go to church and attend other meetings with pleasure."

Mr. John Branson ure. I always keep Hood's Pills by me. In my whole life I never met anything that did me so much good as Hood's Sarsaparilla. Experience teaches a dear school, but fools will learn by no other. I was once foolish enough to listen to a druggist who claimed to have something superior to Hood's, and took another medicine. If I had thrown my dollar in the street I would have been a gainer." JOHN BRANSTON, care of John Greetham, Wellington, Ohio.

## Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills cure Constipation by restoring the peristaltic action of the alimentary canal.

**DR. KILMER'S  
SWAMP  
ROOT**  
THE GREAT KIDNEY, LIVER AND BLADDER CURE.



**Rheumatism**  
Lumbago, pain in joints or back, brick dust in urine, frequent calls, irritation, inflammation, gravel, ulceration or catarrh of the bladder.

**Disordered Liver**  
Biliousness, headache, indigestion or gout, SWAMP-ROOT invigorates, cures kidney difficulties, Bright's disease, urinary troubles.

**Impure Blood**  
Scrofula, malaria, general weakness or debility, SWAMP-ROOT builds up quickly a run down constitution and makes the weak strong.

At Druggists 50 cents and \$1.00 Size.  
"Invalids' Guide to Health" free. Consultation free.  
DR. KILMER & CO., BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

The Greatest Medical Discovery  
of the Age.

## KENNEDY'S MEDICAL DISCOVERY.

DONALD KENNEDY, of ROXBURY, MASS., Has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cures every kind of Humor, from the worst Scrofula down to a common Pimple.

He has tried it in over eleven hundred cases, and never failed except in two cases (both thunder humor.) He has now in his possession over two hundred certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston. Send postal card for book.

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the right quantity is taken.

When the lungs are affected it causes shooting pains, like needles passing through them; the same with the Liver or Bowels. This is caused by the ducts being stopped, and always disappears in a week after taking it. Read the label.

If the stomach is foul or bilious it will cause squeamish feelings at first. No change of diet ever necessary. Eat the best you can get, and enough of it. Dose, one tablespoonful in water at bedtime. Sold by all Druggists.

My son was afflicted with catarrh, I induced him to try Ely's Cream Balm and the disagreeable catarrhal smell all left him. He appears as well as any one.—  
J. C. Olmstead, Arcola, Ill.

**ELLY'S CREAM BALM**  
Opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sores, Protects the Membrane from colds, Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. The Balm is quickly absorbed and gives relief at once.

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists or by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.





# THE CHELSEA HERALD

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.  
CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

## THE FOUNDERED SHIP.

[Lake Michigan, November, 1894.]  
The morning broke across the lake  
Upon a sea so fierce and wild;  
The trembling sun one moment gleamed  
Upon a kneeling child:  
His voice is heard in pleading tones  
Between the crashing thunder's roar  
Amid the waves that swept the deck  
Great God of love and power Divine!  
And breathe upon our storm-worn crew  
A gleam of hope from hand of Thine!  
O Father! grant their prayers and mine!"

The gallant seamen, tired, and faint,  
Had sunk on deck in numb despair;  
From all that crew but two remained,  
One held the helm—one knelt in prayer.  
The helmsman knew his work was vain,  
No ship could live in such a storm.  
The suppliant, in trusting faith,  
Sang: "Praise to God for light, for dawn."

His voice, exhausted, strangely wild,  
Awakes the crew from deathlike sleep:  
All trembling, they half rise and gaze,  
Then list enraptured to notes so sweet.  
The timid sunbeams kiss the waves,  
And soothe the grand old king to rest;  
The boy, delirious, sang the hymns  
He'd heard upon his mother's breast.

"Praise God from whom all blessings flow,"  
He sang, with plaintive strain—  
And then they saw the coming ship:  
His prayers had not been vain;  
And on the lake, so broad and wild,  
The sailors sang with the trusting child:  
"Great God of all, who rules supreme,  
We praise Thy power Divine,  
Who hearkened to our helpless cry,  
And clasped our hands in Thine!"  
—Anna G. Miller, in Inter Ocean.

## DEACON PUFFER'S WOOLING.

### Why He Didn't Succeed with the Pretty School-Teacher.

"I've got to git married ag'in; there's no two ways about that," said old Deacon Puffer to himself one morning as he stood leaning against the road fence. "Everything about the house has been goin' to rack and ruin since Betsy Jane died. Them two gals of mine ain't worth their salt. Two lazier critters never breathed. They don't do nothin' but dawdle about from mornin' till night. They won't churn—'tain't a woman's work. They won't weed the garden—'tain't a woman's work. And there ain't no use of my sayin' anything to 'em. Just as quick as I begin to p'int out their faults to 'em they git up on their high heels and go to sassin' me. Yes, I've got to git married ag'in. And now, who shall I git? That's the question."

Producing a large plug of tobacco the deacon gnawed off a liberal amount and chewed it meditatively.

"There's that young gal I let the school to," he continued, presently. "I don't know as I can do any better than to git her. She's big enough and stout enough to do a pile of work, and as she's poor she of course knows the valley of money and won't be apt to be wasteful. To be sure, she won't be as handy about the house on the start as a country gal would be, but then she's quick-witted and I'll soon learn. I'll look her over when she comes along and make up my mind whether I'll take her or not."

He glanced down the road. Something white appeared in the distance and soon resolved itself into a young girl of perhaps twenty summers. She was tallish, with a willowy form and a refined, thoughtful face. She had one of those exceptionally sweet mouths which seemed to say: "Come and kiss me," while the somewhat haughty eyes that looked out through spectacles seemed to say: "Don't you dare to even think of such a thing!" Add to this that she had literary aspirations, and was in nowise disposed to underrate herself, and you have a fair idea of Miss Maud Pellet.

"Good mornin', Miss Pellet," called out the deacon as she came abreast.

"Good morning, Deacon Puffer," she responded in a low voice, but clear as a bell.

"It's a nice mornin'."

"Yes; very."

"How do the scholars behave?"

"Pretty well."

"Have you had to lick any of 'em yet?"

"No."

"Wall, give it to 'em if they need it."

"I shall," said Miss Pellet with decision.

"If you need any help keepin' 'em straight just call on me."

"Thank you; but I doubt not I shall be able to keep them in proper subjection without any assistance."

"I don't doubt it, nuther. You look as if you were purty strong. They'll have a purty big job on their hands if they try to run over you. I'll bet on you single-handed ag'in the hull school. Hee, hee, hee!"

Miss Pellet smiled and passed on. Deacon Puffer looked at her admiringly.

"My mind is made up—I'll take her. She's bigger and soldier than I thought she was. I tell you them arms of hers have got muscle in 'em. They'll just make a churn hum. And see her step off! Why, she goes like a racer. And what a good color she's got! I tell you she's healthy. Prob'ly never was sick a day in her life. I shan't have to be buying medicine for her every little while, as I did for Betsy Jane. Yes, I'll take her; I'll marry her just as soon as her school is through with, and that will be in a very few weeks."

"I'll stop her when she goes by to-night and talk it over with her."

Shouldering a hoe the deacon started off toward his potato patch. "There's one thing I didn't think of at first," he mumbled as he hobbled along, "and that is if I marry her I shall get rid of paying her for teaching this summer—that is, if I marry her right on the mark before she has a chance to present her bill. Her wages belong not to Miss Pellet—there won't be no Miss Pellet then—but to Mrs. Puffer, and of course I shall take charge of 'em for her, for I don't believe in a woman—that is, a married woman—a carrying a pocketbook. There's somethin' kinder small and mean about sich a proceedin'. It looks just as if she wasn't willing to trust her husband to support her. And it's contrary to the Scrip'ter, too, as I explained to Betsy Jane. The Bible says that 'they twain shall be one flesh,' and if they are one flesh they oughtn't to have but one pocketbook, and of course the man should carry that because he's the head of the family."

Shortly after four o'clock that afternoon Deacon Puffer left his work and seated himself on a pile of boards by the roadside. Presently the teacher came along.

"Good afternoon, Miss Pellet," said the deacon.

"Good afternoon, Deacon Puffer," was the response.

"Miss Pellet, I want to have a leetle talk with you, come and sit down here," said the deacon, patting the board.

"Thank you, but I prefer to stand. I'm not the least tired."

"Better come and sit down. If you're afraid of s'illin' your dress you can sit on my handkerchief," and the deacon spread out a greasy bandanna on the board beside him.

Miss Pellet sat down—but not on the handkerchief.

"Got a book in your hand, I see. 'Rithmetic, I s'pose."

"No, it's a volume of poems," said Miss Pellet.

"Poetry? Huh! and the deacon's face expressed deep disgust.

"You don't like poetry, then?"

"I hate it. Betsy Jane liked it, though. There's one verse she had over so often that I learnt it by heart, spite of myself:

"One cup of sweet milk,  
One cup of sour,  
Two cups of Indian meal,  
One cup of flour."

Miss Pellet smiled. "I think I have heard that before," she said. "It's a recipe for making bread, isn't it?"

"Yaas. Can you make bread. Miss Pellet?"

"Yes."

"And cakes and pies?"

"Yes."

"And can you cook meat and taters and cabbage and sich stuff?"

"Certainly."

"You can't make butter and cheese, of course?"

"No."

"But you could learn?"

"Undoubtedly," said Miss Pellet, wondering what the deacon was driving at.

"And you don't believe in being wasteful, do you?"

"Certainly not. I consider economy a cardinal virtue."

"I'm mighty glad to hear you talk so," said the deacon with sparkling eyes. "And now, how do you like living in the country?"

"I like it immensely."

"How would you like to live in the country all the time?"

"I think I could content myself to do so. Nature appeals to me strongly. I love to see the grass and grain ripple in the breeze and to hear the kine low in the fields," said Miss Pellet dreamily.

"Like to hear the kine low?" said the deacon puzzled. "The kine low? I don't quite git your mean—oh, yes, yes! I understand. You like to hear the cows beller. Wall, yes, it is kinder nice to hear 'em, that is if they don't beller too much. I don't s'pose you know how to milk, Miss Pellet? But you could learn."

Miss Pellet regarded her slender fingers doubtfully. "Well, I don't know. It may be among the possibilities."

"Oh, it's easy to milk, very easy," cried the deacon, eagerly; "and it's fun, too, the biggest kind of fun. Betsy Jane was a clipper to milk. She could milk three cows to my two. Ah, she was a treasure, Betsy Jane was!"

"I have heard her highly spoken of. It is very sad for a man to lose the partner of his soul," said Miss Pellet, turning her spectacles sympathetically upon her companion.

Deacon Puffer groaned dismally.

"It's provokin', terribly provokin', Miss Pellet."

"I presume you miss her very much?"

"Oh, dreadfully. When she was alive she took off my shoulders lots of leetle jobs around the house and barn that I have to do now. She wasn't one of your show wimmin, you know, but of your show wimmin, that ain't good for nothin' at all except to look at."

"No; I do not believe in such wimmin."

"I felt sartain you didn't. My two gals, I'm sorry to say, are growin' up into show wimmin. They need a man to p'int out their folly to 'em. Wouldn't you like to be their ma, Miss Pellet?"

The question was totally unexpected by the young school-teacher. Bound up to her feet, with a very red face, she cried emphatically:

"No, indeed!"

The old deacon caught hold of her gown. "Hold on a minute," he entreated. "I need a wife worse'n the gals need a ma. I've got to have somebody in the house to see to things, and that, too, right along. Come, now, be sensible and promise me that you will be Mrs. Puffer just as quick as your school is done with."

"I will make no such promise."

"You must be out of your head! Why, I'm the richest man in the whole town!"

Miss Pellet's lip curled.

"And you're poorer'n Job's turkey—so I hear."

Miss Pellet's face flushed.

"And I felt certain that you'd jump at me! What reason can you possibly have for refusin' such a good offer?"

"I have the best reason in the world, Deacon Puffer—I do not love you. Good afternoon," and twitching her gown from the grasp of her suitor Miss Pellet departed with her spectacles turned skyward. The deacon followed her with his eyes.

"Beggan on horseback!" he muttered. He fell to scratching his head. The operation set his brains a-jogging.

"I didn't go to work about it right," he declared. "I can see that now, when it's too late. Her mind runs to love and po'try and sich nonsense, and I orter have humored her. I orter have told her that she was as pretty as a picture and that I couldn't sleep nights thinkin' about her, and that if she would only marry me she might have it all her own way afterward. I believe I'll stop her to-morrow when she goes along—and why, she's coming back!"

"Ha! ha! She's changed her mind!" chuckled the deacon.

"I forgot my book," said Miss Pellet, as she came up.

The deacon's jaw fell. She picked up the book from the pile of boards and turned to go.

"Hold on a minute," cried Deacon Puffer, grasping her wrist. "Is s'pose you think that because I don't say anything to you about love that I don't care anything for you, but I do care a heap. I can't sleep nights thinking about you, for you see you are as purty as a picture—yes, a darn sight purtier than any picture I ever sot my eyes on. Why, Betsy Jane would look like an old scarecrow side of you!"

"Deacon Puffer, you ought to be ashamed of yourself! How can you talk so about your dead wife?" and the young girl's spectacles blazed with indignation.

"Wall, I s'pose I orter to use sich language about her, but then, you see, I'm carried away by—by—pashun. You see your purty face makes my buzzum bile like a volcanoer," said the deacon, apologetically and extenuatingly.

Miss Pellet made an effort to break away, but he held her fast.

"Just hold on half a second," he pleaded. "I want to set you right on another p'int. I s'pose you think that if you marry me you'll have to work hard. But you won't—you won't have to work at all; you needn't as much as to lift your fingers to help the gals. You can sit in the pieazzy from mornin' till night and read po'try and hear the cows beller. And I'll buy you a silk dress and a gold watch and a—pieanner. Just think of that—a pieanner! And I ain't a-foolin' 'b'gosh; I'll do just as I say!"

"Deacon Puffer, you are only wasting your time and mine. I am much obliged to you for your offer, but I cannot accept it."

"You mean that you will not instid of you cannot," said the deacon, with an evil scowl.

"You can put it that way if you choose," said the young school-teacher with spirit. "And now let go of my wrist, instantly," and her spectacles flashed war.

"I'll let go when I darn please and not before," hissed the deacon, tightening his grip on her wrist. "Who be you, ennyhow, that you set such a high vally on yourself? Why, just nobody at all. You have to teach school to keep from starvin'. And I s'posed you think you can have this school as long as you want it. There's just where you slip up, my fine lady! You'll never teach in this deestric agin. And I'll turn you out before your time is up if you ain't purty keerful how you carry sail. I hear that there's a lot of the young fellers in the neighborhood hanging around the schoolhouse to see you. No respectable girl would stoop to sich low business. If I hear any more on't, I'll—"

At this point Miss Pellet, who had suddenly grown very pale, gave the deacon a vigorous slap in the face with the flat of her book. With a yelp of pain the old scoundrel let go of the girl's wrist and she hastily departed.

For a long time the discomfited suitor sat on a pile of boards rubbing his cheek and anathematizing the young schoolma'am.

"I'll make her pay purty dear for this day's work," he growled, as he finally hobbled homeward. "I'll not only turn her out of school, but I'll have her arrested for 'sault and battery."

His bark proved worse than his bite.

"I'll let the stuck-up thing go and have nothing to do with her," he muttered, as he sat milking the next morning. "If I'd a married her I couldn't have got no work out of her to speak of, for she's a show woman through and through."—Orange Judd Farmer.

## MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

### A Wonderful Sight.

The citizens of Port Huron witnessed a very remarkable mirage the other morning showing the Canadian bank of the St. Clair river for about 13 miles and both banks from Marysville to what is known as McGregor's point, a mile below the Oakland house. By looking to the south one could see Sarnia reflected in the clouds, and even the ferryboats as they crossed the river. The frame houses stood out boldly and made one of the prettiest panoramas ever witnessed. Following along to the west Stag island appeared, and from there to a point a mile below the Oakland house both banks of the St. Clair river were visible. St. Clair City was clearly outlined upon the sky. The mirage was visible for more than an hour.

### Michigan Railroads.

The report of the state railroad commissioner shows that the total amount of taxes assessed against the railroad companies for 1894 is \$811,056, a falling off of \$82,705 from 1893. For the year ended December 1 there were no fatalities to passengers by reason of accidents, and only seventy-one were injured. Last year forty-two were killed and ninety-six injured in October alone at the Jackson and Battle Creek disasters. The cost of the roads is given at \$1,019,700,326. The total earnings for the year were \$146,626,639, and expenditures \$105,054,079. The net income was \$41,572,559, or \$8,712,701 greater than in 1893.

### Recommended Prison Reform.

The state board of charities in a communication to the governor recommends the adoption of the parole system of handling convicts and the payment of convicts of a small per diem which should go towards supporting their families. As a means of overcoming many of the abuses incident to county jails it is recommended that in all counties having a population in excess of 50,000 a jailer, removable only for cause, be appointed by the circuit court.

### Killed His Tormentor.

James Cusick walked into Grand Rapids from Vermillion lake, a distance of 20 miles, and asked Marshal Kelly to lock him up, as he had killed a man. It appears from his story that he and Joseph Drake had been living in a shanty on the shore of Vermillion lake, fishing and hunting. He said that Drake stole \$27 from him and teased and tormented him until he could stand it no longer and stabbed him fatally with a knife.

### Expenses of Michigan's Schools.

Superintendent of Public Instruction Pattingill says:

For the school year ending September 30 last a total of \$3,758,905 was paid to teachers of all classes in Michigan. \$2,800,243 of the amount being paid to female teachers, who received average wages of \$34.36 per month, as against \$48.89 for male teachers. There were 3,330 male and 13,005 female teachers employed. The estimated value of the school property of Michigan is \$15,775,921, and the total net expenditures of the year were \$6,081,648. Free text books were furnished in 754 districts.

### A Queer Story.

Grand Haven officers claim to have evidence that a firm of Chicago undertakers have been stealing many coffins they have used during the past five years out of country graveyards in Michigan, Illinois, Indiana, Wisconsin, and perhaps other states. They are of the opinion that they have not only stolen what they used, but refitted and sold them in quantities to country firms.

### Drops Dead at a Funeral.

While assisting an undertaker to carry out the corpse of his nephew to a hearse, Robert J. Haggerty, a coal dealer in Detroit, staggered forward just as he reached the gate and dropped to the sidewalk dead and the coffin fell on top of him.

### Short But Newsworthy Items.

Henry Woolly and Mary Underwood, both 63 years of age, fell in love at Bay City, a marriage license was issued and they were married, all in one day.

Otisville was thrown into a delirium of excitement by the finding in an oven of what appeared to be a roasted baby. Tenderly the charred remains were fished out and found to be a little girl's long missing doll.

Consolidated State Association of Breeders of Improved Live Stock in session at Lansing elected H. H. Hinds, of Stanton, as president.

John Schuster, a farmer living in Macomb county, 10 miles from Detroit, was burned to death while trying to rescue cattle from a burning barn.

Frank Howard, director of the Peninsular savings bank of Detroit, will start a savings bank in Jackson under the state laws with a capital of \$100,000.

Notices were posted at the Michigan Central railway shops at Jackson reducing the work day from eight to seven hours.

Gen. R. A. Alger followed his custom of previous years and presented 1,000 newsboys of Detroit with Christmas overcoats.

J. E. Botsford got a judgment for \$5,000 for slander against Nehemiah Chase, one of Kalamazoo's wealthiest citizens.

Timothy Kane, camp foreman for the Manistique Lumber company at Seney, was stabbed to death by Isaac Stracher during a quarrel.

## FEWER FAILURES.

### A Decrease in Business Disasters During the Year.

NEW YORK, Dec. 29.—R. G. Dan & Co.'s weekly review of trade says:

"Commercial failures for 1894 already reported number 14,192, against 15,242 last year, with liabilities of \$163,138,404, against \$245,779,889 last year. Next week the final report for 1894 will probably include about 400 more failures, with liabilities of about \$4,000,000. From these accounts, banks and bankers, financial and manufacturing companies are excluded. Manufacturing failures already number 2,756, against 3,422 last year, but liabilities are only \$94,491,587 against \$176,982,091 last year. The trading failures already number 11,310, against 11,512 last year, but liabilities are only \$87,809,037, against \$130,002,333 last year. The statement by sections shows a decrease of about two-thirds in defaulted liabilities in the middle and central northern states, one-half in the west and southwest and a third in other sections.

"Wages actually paid in November are compared to-day with working hours in establishments throughout the country, and in about fifty branches of industry, the average being 236.4 hours per hand this year, 218.4 last year, and 243.2 in 1892. The wages paid per hour were 1.2 per cent. less than last year, and 8.59 per cent. less than in 1892. As the hands employed in establishments reporting were 8.53 per cent. more than last year, but 12.02 per cent. less than in 1892, the total wages paid in these establishments in November was 75.23 per cent. more than in November, 1893, but 21.77 per cent. less than in November, 1892. Thus the decrease in purchasing power of the working force is found to be due mainly to decrease in number of hands and hours of work, rather than to reduction of wages paid per hour.

"Holiday trade has scarcely met expectations. Purchases have been numerous, but smaller than usual in amount and more confined to needful articles, thus anticipating ordinary trade. The volume of business represented by clearing house exchanges is 7.7 per cent. larger than last year, but 21.8 per cent. less than the year before, and the daily average for December has been 7.1 per cent. more than last year, but 22.2 less than the year before. In spite of some sensational losses on western roads, the earnings of all railroads reporting for December are 2.9 per cent. greater than last year, and but 11.6 per cent. less than in 1892.

"Wheat has declined one-half cent during the week. Exports in December from both coasts have been a little larger than last year, but for the crop year about 2,000,000 bushels smaller. The western estimate, usually regarded with most confidence, is, that the crop will reach 515,000,000 bushels, which will leave for export, with stocks brought over, more than 350,000,000 bushels, of which only 75,000,000 bushels have gone abroad. Corn has declined three-fourths of a cent, with good receipts. The price of cotton has not changed, but the fact that receipts from plantations this month have been greater than in 1891, while stocks in sight here and abroad are larger than at the same date that year, is an obstacle to any rise.

"Money is still coming to this city in a steady stream, and exports of gold for the week are expected to be about \$2,500,000. The dissolution of the bond syndicate, on the ground that the pending currency bill has destroyed the market for bonds, is the most important event in financial circles, and is liable to have results of some consequence. For commercial loans the demand has slightly increased, though only as might be expected at this season.

Bradstreet's says:

"General trade presents the usual holiday characteristics. A majority of wholesale dealers and manufacturers are beginning or have finished taking account of stock or arranging settlements for the new year. Main activity has been for Christmas specialties in retail lines. The practical conclusion of holiday trade has brought about a moderate reaction, and this emphasizes the dullness noted in preceding weeks. Jobbers claim the outlook for trade during the late winter and early spring is for very conservative buying. But in some lines, notably heavy textiles, recent cold weather has stimulated sales, and reports from retailers west and south indicate low stocks, almost beyond precedent. This is taken as indicative of a better merchandise trade in the near future than for several years past. Traveling salesmen, with few exceptions, are off the road. Merchants generally incline to the view that 1895 promises a favorable business, although, as indicated, opinion is divided as to whether renewed activity will mark the early months of the coming year or not."

### DEATH OF EX-SENATOR FAIR.

#### One of the Bonanza Kings Passes Away at San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 29.—Ex-United States Senator James G. Fair, one of the bonanza kings, died at midnight.

James G. Fair was born in Clougher county, Tyrone, Ireland, in 1831. His parents emigrated to America in 1843, and settled in Illinois. Young Fair was attracted to California in 1849, where he engaged in quartz mining. His mastery of the business procured for him the superintendency of various properties in different parts of the state. In 1860 Mr. Fair went to Nevada, where his remarkable talent for engineering and mining proved the basis of his fortune. He is said to have had no equal as an architect and builder of quartz mills and chlorinating furnaces. In 1865 he became superintendent of the Ophir, and in 1867 of the Hale & Norcross. It was at this time that, in conjunction with J. W. Mackay, J. G. Flood and W. S. O'Brien, he formed the famous Bonanza firm. Mr. Flood was relied upon to secure the properties from which such enormous wealth was to be drawn. Various mines were acquired, which afterwards constituted the Virginia Consolidated and California mines. Millions and millions flowed into the coffers of the firm, but Mr. Fair continued his minute supervision of the work, going down to the lowest levels of the mines. So much exposure seriously impaired his health, and in 1879 he was obliged to take a sea voyage. He sailed around the world, and returned to Nevada when the canvass of 1880 was at its height. He became the democratic candidate for United States senator and was elected. His wealth was recently estimated at \$60,000,000. May 2, 1885, Mrs. Fair, whom he married in 1862, brought an action for divorce. Mrs. Fair was awarded \$4,250,000 in cash and bonds. The family residence in San Francisco and the custody of the three younger children. The senator was given the custody of the eldest son, James G. Fair, Jr.

### Loggers Desert the Camps.

MEMORINEE, Mich., Dec. 29.—The weather has been very cold, the temperature changing from zero to 10 below, but no snow has fallen here since early in November, and that quickly disappeared. Ice formed in the bay for the first time this season Thursday night, but all is broken up by the northwest winds. Men in large numbers have come out of the logging camps. In most of the Menominee camps operations are said to be at a standstill and a log famine is apparent.



# OUR PRICES

During the Month of  
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Will be the  
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**We Want 5000 Dozen Fresh Eggs.**

And will pay the highest market price  
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24 pounds granulated sugar for \$1.00.  
28 pounds brown sugar for \$1.  
Standard oysters 18 cents per can.  
Select oysters 23 cents per can.  
Best crackers 5 cents per pound.  
Choice corn syrup 25 cents per gallon.  
Good sugar syrup 18 cents per gallon.  
Best N. O. Molasses made 45 cents per gallon.  
Sultana raisins 3 1/2 pounds for 25 cents.  
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6 pounds good raisins for 25 cents.  
Good mixed candy 8 cents per pound.  
3 packages (large) best mince meat for 25 cents.  
If you like good cheese try ours, 12 1/2 cents per pound.  
3 cans best tomatoes for 25 cents.  
Good canned corn 7 cents per can.

**Armstrong & Co's.**

**J. J. RAFTREY,**

The Leading Merchant Tailor, has entered  
upon his 12th year in this line  
in Chelsea.

And being in touch with the new tariff, offers you some astonishing  
bargains in Imported Woolens, which he has just received from the  
Bonded Warehouse, also in Domestic Woolens.

Suits to your order from \$15.00 up. Former price \$20.00 to \$22.00.  
Pants to your order from \$2.50 up. Former price \$5.00 to \$6.50.  
Overcoats to your order from \$10.00 up. Former price \$18.00 to \$20.

**Goods Made While you Wait.**

Goods of all weaves, textures, styles and colors always in stock, from  
one yard to one hundred yards, to select from, and at prices that will move  
them, as he is bound to keep his force at work during the dull months.

We carry in stock a nice line of Mackintoshes, all lengths and sizes,  
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Highest market price paid for hides and tallow.



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## Chelsea and Vicinity.

Be sure and write it 1895.  
Mrs. Bert Gutherie is seriously ill.  
H. S. Holmes was in Lansing and Leale  
this week.  
Edward Vogel was in Detroit Tuesday  
on business.  
Tommy James, of Dexter, was a Chelsea  
visitor Monday and Tuesday.  
Mrs. A. L. Braun, of Toledo, was the  
guest of relatives here this week.  
Henry Heiniger spent a few days of last  
week with his parents in Toledo.  
Herman Vogel, of Detroit, was the guest  
of his parents fore part of this week.  
Miss Mary Seeger spent her vacation  
with friends in Lodi and Ann Arbor.  
Chas. Congdon and Albert Greer, of  
Leoni, are visiting relatives here this week.  
Our merchants contemplate closing their  
stores at 8 p. m. which is an excellent idea.  
Rev. Eisen, of Andrews, Ind., will fill the  
pulpit at St. Pauls church next Sunday.  
Geo. Blalch, offers some bargains in tea  
and coffee line this week. See ad. on first  
page.  
Mrs. Dora Snyder, of Winesburg, spent  
New Years with Mr. and Fred Seger, of  
Lima.  
Mrs. L. S. Holmes is spending this week  
with her sister and other friends in Battle  
Creek.

Rev. C. Haag, pastor of St. Pauls church  
will preach his farewell sermon Sunday  
Jan. 20 1895.

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Freer, of Lima,  
spent several days of last week with relat-  
ives in Jackson.

Miss Sue Winters and Edward Winters,  
of Grand Rapids, were guests of their  
mother last week.

Steinbach's Hall was opened with a dance  
New Year's eve. About 50 of Chelsea's  
"400" participated.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Geo. Webster visited  
Mr. Webster's parents in Florence Canada  
fore part of this week.

The installation of officers of Columbian  
Hive No. 284 L. O. T. M. will take place  
Tuesday eve Jan. 8, 1894.

The Misses Mamie L. and Marguerite  
Drew, of Detroit, spent the holidays with  
Mr. and Mrs. Martin Howe.

Miss Ida Schumacher was the guest of  
her brother Mr. Fred Schumacher, of Ann  
Arbor, a few days this week.

Adam Eppler, our hustling meat dealer,  
has had an ice house erected and we can  
expect nice meat next summer.

Mrs. Simon Seeger and son, of Ann  
Arbor, spent New Year's Day with Mr.  
and Mrs. Fred Seeger, of Lima.

Mr. and Mrs. John Kantelehner, of  
Canton, Ohio, were the guests of Mr.  
Kantelehner's parents Mr. and Mrs. Fred  
Kantelehner, last week.

The Sacrament of the Lord's Supper  
will be celebrated at the Congregational  
church next Sunday morning. In the eve-  
ning the pastor will begin a series of  
sermons to young men.

A girl usually looks so pretty when she  
puckers up her lips to try to whistle that it  
is dangerous for her to do it in the vicinity  
of a young man in the moonlight, for fear  
she may be misunderstood.

An oil stove that was used in the base-  
ment of the Wood building to keep the  
onions that are stored there from freezing,  
set fire to the floor Wednesday morning.  
The fire was extinguished before any dam-  
age was done.

The Glazier Stove Company started their  
works last Wednesday with a force of fifty  
men, which they expect to increase before  
the end of the year to one hundred. The  
company will build a foundry this year  
and do all their own casting.

The man who advertises only once a  
year has no abiding place in the public  
memory. It is his rival who reaches  
the public every day, and whose state-  
ments are to be relied upon, who achieves  
the greater measure of success.

A Lincoln Kirk, impersonator and humo-  
rist, who appears at the Town Hall Tues-  
day evening Jan. 8, 1895, of Unadilla,  
has audience from beginning to end with a  
happy variety of selections which will  
exhibit his versatility as a reader and im-  
personator. His humorous pieces are a  
foil to the solemn and grave. His direct  
sketches are particularly striking. Ad-  
mission 25 and 15 cents. Reserved seats  
now on sale at J. S. Cummings' store at an  
advance of 5 cents each.

The annual reunion of the Taylor family  
was held Jan 1st, 1895, at the home of the  
late Thomas Taylor; the family all present  
with a few exceptions. Those from abroad  
were Mr. and Mrs. John Taylor, of Unadilla,  
and T. B. Taylor, of Jackson. The day  
was beautiful and all were or seemed to be  
happy; the 85 year old grand-mother the  
liveliest one in the party. A sumptuous  
dinner was served after which some good  
music was rendered by the younger mem-  
bers to the family. Adjourned till 1896.

## North Lake Broncos.

Mrs. Janette Webb is on the sick list.  
B. Monroe, of Howell, is the guest of R.  
Whalen.  
A good time the past month to work in  
the woods.  
The social at Mr. Slyes was an enjoyable  
affair and well attended.  
The ground being with out a blanket the  
frost will get down deep.  
Rev. Marsh, our pastor has a good voice  
for singing as well as preaching.  
Flora and Willie Burkhart spent the  
holiday vacation with their parents.  
Harry Twamley, of Detroit, is in this  
vicinity visiting relatives and old friends.  
Glenn and Remeuant are pressing at  
Allyn's. Rye straw is what they are after  
now.  
James Rielly and wife are recovering  
from their injuries caused by the overturn-  
ing of their wagon at Dexter recently.  
There has been quite a hustle here of late  
among the Mossbacks to get their money  
in a lump to settle with the treasurer.  
The family of E. L. Glenn spent a happy  
Christmas day at home. All were remem-  
bered by useful and beautiful presents.  
The young people are preparing for a  
literary and musical entertainment Thurs-  
day evening, to be held at E. Daniels. A  
small fee will be charged.

## Unadilla Items.

Mr. Sullivan is very sick at this writing.  
Albert Weston is very sick at this  
writing.

Andie Palmer, of Stockbridge, is visiting  
friends here.

Eva Montague was home for a visit dur-  
ing the Christmas and New Years.

There was a donation held at the hall  
for Rev. North last Wednesday eve.

Josie May is visiting Belle Bisnie and  
Nora Durkee of Anderson, this week.

Miss Fanny Harkes, of South Lyons, is  
visiting her many friends in this vicinity.

The entertainment last Christmas was  
well attended and about \$10 were realized.

Quite a few from this place attended the  
oyster supper New Years night at J. E.  
Durkee's of Anderson.

John Colson and wife, of Gregory, and  
J. E. Durkee and wife, of Anderson, visited  
at F. S. May's the for part of this week.

## Words of Wisdom.

Necessity is the great grand-mother of  
industry.

Sleep is hardly an excuse for a man who  
snores.

Trust a woman with your heart but not  
with your pocket book.

"What is love" is no more unanswerable  
then "Why is love?"

Charity is wanted not to rip, tear, ravel  
or run down at the heel.

Death overtakes the crowd, but seldom  
the brave man until his hour has come.

Don't treat your employes as though  
you had hired their souls along with their  
bodies.

The liberal mind is always open to  
conviction; there is always room for  
improvements.

## Electric Bitters.

This remedy is becoming so well known  
and so popular as to need no special men-  
tion. All who have used Electric Bitters  
sing the same song of praise—a purer  
medicine does not exist and it is guaran-  
teed to do all that is claimed. Electric  
Bitters will cure all diseases of the Liver  
and Kidneys, will remove Pimples, Boils,  
Salt Rheum and other affections caused by  
impure blood.—Will drive Malaria from  
the system and prevent as well as cure all  
Malarial fevers.—For cure of Headache,  
Constipation and Indigestion try Electric  
Bitters—Entire satisfaction guaranteed, or  
money refunded.—Price 50 cts. to \$1.00  
per bottle at Glazier & Co's. Drug Store

## Silver Bedsteads.

Brass bedsteads are no longer the most  
fashionable variety. They have grown too  
common for the ultra-exclusive taste, and  
silver and white metal and plain silver  
now to a great extent supersede them.  
The new bedstead are canopied with pale  
blue or pink, and the same other furnish-  
ings. Silver curtain poles and andirons  
and draperies to match the bed canopies  
are the correct thing.

## Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts,  
Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Feyer  
Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains,  
Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and  
positively cures Piles, or no pay required.  
It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction  
or money refunded. Price 25 cents per  
box. For sale by F. P. Glazier & Co.

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**Groceries**

And

**Meats.**

We give you nothing  
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Except your money's worth. Are  
you not satisfied to be sure of that?  
We give full weight, full measure  
and full value for your money every  
time.

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**Dr. W. A. CONLAN**  
DENTIST.

Office Over Glazier's Drug Store.  
CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

**PALMER & TWITCHELL.**

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Office over Kempf's new bank, Chelsea.

**H. W. SCHMIDT,**  
Physician & Surgeon.

SPECIALTIES:—Diseases of the  
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OFFICE HOURS:—10 to 12 and  
2 to 5. 17



Operative, Prosthetic  
and Ceramic Den-  
istry in all their  
branches. Teeth ex-  
amined and advice  
given free. Special  
attention given to  
children's teeth: Nitrous oxide and Local  
Anesthetic used in extracting. Permanently  
located.

**H. H. AVERY, D. D. S.**

Office over Kempf Bro's Bank.

**The Parlor Barber Shop,**  
Chelsea, Mich.

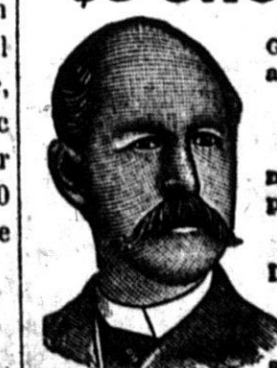
Good work and close attention to busi-  
ness is my motto. With this in view, I  
hope to secure, at least, part of your  
patronage.

**GEO. EDER, Prop.**

**FIRE ! FIRE !!**

If you want insurance call on  
Gilbert & Crowell. We represent  
companies whose gross assets amount  
to the sum of **\$45,000,000.**

**W. L. DOUGLAS**  
**\$3 SHOE** IS THE BEST.  
NO SQUEAKING.



And other specialties for  
Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys  
and Misses are the

**Best in the World.**

See descriptive advertise-  
ment which appears in this  
paper.

Take no Substitute.

Insist on having W. L.

**DOUGLAS' SHOES.**

with name and price

stamped on bottom. Sold by

**W. F. Riemenschneider & Co.**

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## Our Annual January Sale

Will begin on

Tuesday, January 1st, 1895,

And will close

Saturday, January 26th.

Look for our Bills for particulars. It will be an "Eye Opener" for Competitors, and a Money Saver for the Buying Public.

## H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE COMPANY.

Sole agents for Chelsea for the celebrated Butterick patterns. Monthly Fashion Plates, Delineators, Metropolitan plate, etc.

## A GOOD INVESTMENT!

WHAT? A suit, overcoat or pair of pants made to order at

## WEBSTER'S.

Call and be convinced.



## ONE

Good second hand Cutter for sale Cheap.

Also New Cutters at Prices to Close.

All this month we offer bargains in Furniture.

W. J. KNAPP.

## It Is Always Cheaper

To pay a reasonable charge to the man who knows how and has the facilities to do what you want, than to expend many times that amount for the painful experience that always follows the employment of one who does not, from lack of experience, facilities, and the many other requirements necessary to successful REPAIRING.

## This Applies Also,

To the purchase of Jewelry, Watches, Clocks, Etc., and the large number of other articles in the jeweler's line, on all of which we guarantee the best quality at lowest prices.

L. & A. E. WINANS, Chelsea.

It...

Is a well-known fact that judicious advertising always pays—especially news-paper advertising. If you put your "ad" in the right paper your business will grow, because people will see that you are alive, and they would rather deal with a live man than a corpse. If you advertise in this paper you will find that it

Pay.

\$40.00 PER WEEK

FOR WILLING WORKERS

of either sex, any age, in any part of the country, at the employment which we furnish. You need not be away from home over night. You can give your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. As capital is not required you run no risk. We supply you with all that is needed. It will cost you nothing to try the business. Any one can do the work. Beginners make money from the start. Failure is unknown with our workers. Every hour you labor you can easily make a dollar. No one who is willing to work fails to make more money every day than can be made in three days, at any ordinary employment. Send for free book containing the fullest information.

H. HALLETT & CO., Box 880, PORTLAND, MAINE.

Subscribe for the HERALD Store to Rent.

The best Grocery Stand in Chelsea. Also rooms over Store. Furnished as desired. Inquire of J. P. Wood. 36

### Here and There.

Get your saws filed at Whittiers hardware store.

In connection with good roads landscape gardening will come in as a factor to enhance the value of rural property. The surroundings of the home can be made more attractive with trees, shrubs, flowers, fruit and grass.

A Kansas woman sent one dollar in answer to an advertisement that promised for that sum to tell how to keep the smell of boiling sauer kraut from penetrating through the house. The answer was to eat the cabbage raw.

Twenty-four carat gold is all gold; 22 carat gold has 22 parts of gold, 1 of silver and 1 of copper; 18 carat gold has 18 parts of pure gold and 3 parts each of silver and copper in its composition; 12 carat gold is half gold and the remainder being made up of 8½ parts of silver and 8½ parts of copper.

If the cider does not turn to vinegar it is due to the lack of oxygen, and it should be poured out into tubs and in a few days again into the barrel. Any method of admitting oxygen to the cider will answer. By keeping the oxygen away from the cider it will remain palatable a long time.

A. Lincoln Kirk, the dramatic reader and impersonator, gave his entertainment at Hawley's Hall, Tuesday, to a large audience. Mr. Kirk is an excellent elocutionist, and his character impersonations are above the average.—Eligen Courier. At the Town Hall Tuesday evening Jan. 8th, 1894.

The following is a puzzle that our subscribers who stop the paper without paying up are requested to work: Set down the year in which you were born, add to it your age; multiply the sum by 1,000; subtract from the product 679,423. Under each figure of the remainder place the corresponding letters of the alphabet and you will know what we think of you.

The last idol to be broken is the worship of red flannel. Those stern iconoclasts, the scientists, say that the notion that there is any virtue in wearing red flannel against the skin in rheumatism and kindred ailments has no foundation in fact. Flannel is valuable wear, but the red tint has no value except as it receives the light. And instead of advising it these persons forbid it on the ground that the dye may irritate some tender skins.

The "Chronicles of Break O' Day" abounds in description of scenery, studies of men, women and events, and underlying all is a quite love story. In description writing and in analysis of motive Mr. Howe seems to have strength. The villainy of certain characters is not overdrawn nor are the virtues of others overestimated. In plot and in treatment the "Chronicles" impress one as a record of daily life.—Detroit Journal.

Miss Emma Braun, of Ann Arbor, and Mr. William Andres, of Dexter, made of themselves a mutual present to each other on Christmas day. Rev. J. Neuman performed the ceremony in the presence of a large number of friends of the two, at the residence of the bride's father, Michael Braun. Among those present were Mrs. Zemlin, of Detroit, Mr. Chas. Braun, of Chicago, and Mr. and Mrs. McCarty, of Chelsea.—Ann Arbor Courier.

It is said that all gold in the world, not counting that in the virgin state, would not make a block of more than 613 cubic yards. A cube of these dimensions could be put in a room twenty-four feet each way. And yet every civilized nation is running into debt and trying all sorts of schemes to get hold of an undue share of the block because, owing to increased demand and relatively diminishing supply, it is growing more valuable from year to year.

A new and delightful game is all the rage in different parts of the state. It is called "onion social." Six young ladies stand in a row. One of them bites a piece out of an onion and the fellow pays ten cents to see which of the fair ones bit it. The correct guesser kisses the other five girls, while the chumps kiss the right one. The onion eater averages more kisses than the remainder of the girls, and there is said to be great rivalry among them as to who shall bite the onion.

What is a bloomer dress? A down-east editor explains it in this way in his paper: "The bloomer dress is a pair of trousers, very baggy at the knees, adorningly full about the pistol pockets and considerably loose where you strike a match. The garment is cut desolate at the south end, and the bottoms tied around the ankles or knees, to keep the mice out. You can't put it on over your head, as you do your corsets, but you set on the floor and pull it on just as you do your stockings—one foot in each compartment. You can easily tell which is the right side in front by the button on the neck band.

A man advocating a cause with a dark purpose fears even a shadow that might develop from a new light upon the subject.

The discovery of the Connecticut bacteriologists that the germs of disease may be lurking inside of oyster shells ought not to tell against the bivalve generally. The same indictment could be brought against all fish, flesh or fowl that found their nourishment close to the outlet of a sewer, as was the case with the oysters that conveyed typhoid fever to students of Wesleyan university. A decent oyster bed is not so located, and none are likely to be thus placed after this lesson.

Do you believe it? The old proverb says: A warm Christmas a cold Easter. A light Christmas a heavy sheaf—(good crop of wheat next year then.) A shepherd would rather see his wife enter the stable on Christmas than the sun—(long cold winter coming see?) If the sun shines through the apple trees on Christmas day there will be an abundant crop the following fall. (Old Sol did it this year.) If the ice will bear a man before Christmas it will bear him after. (The ice harvest is yet to come.)—Courier

The Michigan Farmer in an article on ragweed says: The cheapest exterminator of ragweed, and one which has done much to prevent its spread, is a flock of Merino sheep. We say Merino sheep because they are better suited for the work than other breeds, and will consume numerous weeds which mutton breeds will not touch unless compelled by hunger. A flock of Merinos on a farm will nearly pay their keeping in destroying weeds, clearing out fence corners, and the fertility they add to the soil.

The number of idle men that exist without visible means of support is really surprising, and how they continue to exist is a mystery. Go where you will and they are found—on the street corners, in saloons, hotels, groceries and public resorts of every kind. They talk about hard times and are discussing the cause and remedy. While generous nature provides with open hand, wealth and power is sapping the substance and offering the dross to those who stand idly by and wonder what is the matter with the old machine which once yielded so equally to mankind.

The newspaper business is the most reciprocal of all lines of trade. It not only expects life, but gives out life in return. For the patronage which it solicits and expects it will carry trade to corners of business houses in return. Its business and the people's each affect and is affected by the other. In appealing thus to the good people of a place for their subscriptions and advertising patronage the newspaper is not soliciting bare favors, but it proposes and does return all the patronage it receives in measures well filed, pressed down heaped up, and running over.

A certain clergyman says no newspaper that tells the truth and the whole truth can make a pecuniary success. The Livingston Democrat says, "We say by returning the compliment that the minister who will at all times and under all circumstances tell the whole truth about his members, alive or dead, will not occupy the pulpit more than one Sunday and then he will find it necessary to leave town in a hurry. The press and the pulpit go hand in hand with whitewash brushes and pleasant words, magnifying little virtues into big ones. The pulpit, the press and the gravestone are the great saint making triumvirate.

Horace Greeley was right when he said: "It is strange how close men read the papers." We never say anything that men don't like but we soon hear of it and every body tells about it. If, however, we happen to say a good thing we never hear of that—nobody seems to notice it. We may pay some man a hundred compliments and give him a dozen puffs, and he takes it as a tribute to his greatness—never thinks it does him any good. But if we happen to say anything this man doesn't like, or something he imagines a reflection on his character see how quickly he flares up and gets excited about it. All our evils are charged to us, but we never apparently, get any credit for the good we do.

Attention is called to the most dangerous counterfeit that has made its appearance in years, in a circular issued by the secret service of the treasury department recently. It is a \$2 United States silver certificate, series 1891, signed W. S. Roscrans, register; E. H. Nebeker, treasurer, and has the portrait of the late secretary Windom on its face. The general appearance of the note is excellent and will bear close scrutiny. It is about one-eighth of an inch larger than the genuine. The numbering, seal and lath work are well executed. In the portrait of Windom the eyes appear to be larger than in the genuine and have bulged look. The outline of the right side of the face is not clearly defined, the shade lines running into the face between the eye and chin. The shading around the large figure 2 on the left end back of the note is represented in the counterfeit by perpendicular lines only, while in the genuine both perpendicular and horizontal lines are used forming small squares. The paper contains distributed silk threads, but heavier than in the genuine.



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If you want teas and coffees that will give satisfaction try ours.

Every pound guaranteed.

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## HUMPHREYS'

Dr. Humphrey's Specifics are scientifically and carefully prepared Remedies, used for years in private practice and for over thirty years by the people with entire success. Every single Specific a special cure for the disease named. They cure without drugging, purging or reducing the system, and are in fact the most Sovereign Remedies of the World.

LIST OF NUMBERS.	CURES.	PRICES.
1	Fever, Congestions, Inflammations.	.25
2	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic.	.25
3	Teething Colic, Crying, Wakefulness.	.25
4	Diarrhea, of Children or Adults.	.25
5	Dysentery, Griping, Bilious Colic.	.25
6	Cholera Morbus, Vomiting.	.25
7	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis.	.25
8	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache.	.25
9	Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo.	.25
10	Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Constipation.	.25
11	Suppressed or Painful Periods.	.25
12	Whites, Too Profuse Periods.	.25
13	Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness.	.25
14	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions.	.25
15	Rheumatism, or Rheumatic Pains.	.25
16	Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague.	.25
17	Piles, Blind or Bleeding.	.25
18	Ophthalmia, Sore or Weak Eyes.	.25
19	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head.	.25
20	Whooping Cough.	.25
21	Asthma, Oppressed Breathing.	.25
22	Ear Discharges, Impaired Hearing.	.25
23	Scrofula, Enlarged Glands, Swelling.	.25
24	General Debility, Physical Weakness.	.25
25	Dropsy, and Scanty Secretions.	.25
26	Sea-Sickness, Sickness from Riding.	.25
27	Kidney Diseases.	.25
28	Nervous Debility.	1.00
29	Sore Throat, or Canker.	.25
30	Urinæy Weakness, Wetting Bed.	.25
31	Painful Periods.	.25
32	Diseases of the Heart, Palpitation.	1.00
33	Epilepsy, Spasms, St. Vitus' Dance.	1.00
34	Diphtheria, Ulcerated Sore Throat.	.25
35	Chronic Congestions & Eruptions.	.25

"77" DR. HUMPHREYS' NEW SPECIFIC FOR GRIP, 25¢. Put up in small bottles of pleasant pellets, just fits your vest pocket.

Sold by Druggists, or sent post-paid on receipt of price. DR. HUMPHREYS' MANUAL (164 pages), MAILED FREE. HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., New York.

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## HUMPHREYS' WITCH HAZEL OIL "THE PILE OINTMENT."

For Piles—External or Internal, Blind or Bleeding. Fists in Anus. Itching or Bleeding of the Rectum. The relief is immediate—the cure certain. PRICE, 50 CTS. TRIAL SIZE, 25 CTS.

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for the

Chelsea Herald.



## TO CORRESPONDENTS.

All communications for this paper should be accompanied by the name of the author, not necessarily for publication, but as an evidence of good faith on the part of the writer. Write only on one side of the paper. Be particularly careful in giving names and dates to have the letters and figures plain and distinct. Proper names are often difficult to decipher, because of the careless manner in which they are written.

MR. GLADSTONE has gone into retirement, but he is not out of touch with the great humanitarian movements with which his long public life has been identified.

MACKENZIE BOWELL, who is to be prime minister of Canada, is seventy-one years of age. He is a native of England, but has been in Canada since he was ten years old. He is an extreme Protestant.

With her prospect park of 526 acres and 137 acres in small parks, Brooklyn is now casting about for more park area. She wants to buy in territory before the streets and blocks are built up to it, thus enhancing the value several hundred fold.

ARBORICULTURISTS are now complaining that electric light is playing havoc with trees in cities and towns. They keep the trees awake at night so that their leaves appear blighted. The claim is that the trees need sleep just as all animal nature needs it.

The lady teachers in the public schools of Philadelphia petitioned to have their salaries made equal to those of male teachers, grade for grade, and the school board promptly complied by proposing to reduce the salaries of all male teachers to those of the corresponding female teachers.

SOME of the Pacific coast states have been profiting to a notable extent from the Chinese-Japanese war. The shipments of meat and grain from Portland and Tacoma to both countries have been enormous, and hopes are entertained that it will prove the beginning of a permanent trade.

In answer to a request which came from several patriotic American citizens for permission to erect a monument on the spot where Gen. Montgomery fell in his unsuccessful effort to capture Quebec in 1775, a committee of the Quebec city council have just filed a recommendation that the request be granted.

THE New York philanthropists who started a plan last winter of lending money to deserving poor people on the security of household goods have met with success enough to lead them to double the capital employed. They loaned \$195,000 last winter and found repayments satisfactory enough to make the plan self-supporting.

A CENTRAL PACIFIC railway land agent says there are more than 200,000 head of wild horses in Nevada. They are a source of much trouble and loss to stockmen, because they eat off the best grass on the ranges and leave little for cattle and sheep. The last legislature passed a law permitting any one to shoot stallions found running wild.

AN exploring party is shortly to make the ascent of Mount Tacoma to find out just what has been happening on the summit lately, to give basis for the various reports of volcanic eruptions, avalanches, glacial advances, and the like. The latest observations with telescopes seem to show that some change in the form of the summit has really taken place.

AN old man of seventy-eight was sent to jail for three days by the Marylebone (Eng.) police magistrate recently, as he was unable to pay a fine of sixty cents for not seeing that his twelve-year-old grandchild went to school. He was a perfectly respectable workingman, his wife was bed-ridden, the child's parents were dead, and he could not go after the truant himself.

THERE is a town in Arizona which offers exceptional chances for women anxious to get married. It is a mining camp called "Bachelor's Rest," about sixty miles north of Tucson. Although the population numbers 800, there is not a woman or a cat in the camp, and 200 men have advertised for wives in a Tucson paper. They must be of good character and understand the duties of a household. The richest miner offers a dowry of \$10,000.

AFTER many wanderings, Robert Louis Stevenson dies in Samoa. Kipling has been a great globe-trotter. Bret Harte, Marion Crawford and Henry James are practically denationalized. Julian Hawthorne, after much travel, has settled down in Jamaica. Stanley J. Weyman has wandered over Europe afoot. Conan Doyle has traveled much, and is planning further globe-trotting, while Lafcadio Hearn has been "doing" Japan.

ELECTRICITY has now, it seems, beaten the record of the gold beater and can produce a foil of the metal from five to ten times thinner than ordinary gold leaf. Mr. Joseph Wilson-Swan, the well known chemist of electric lighting fame, has presented to the Royal society specimens of this wonderfully thin foil made by depositing gold on copper with the electric current and then dissolving away the copper from it with perchloride of iron.

## PERISHED BY FIRE.

### Awful Ending of Christmas Festivities in Oregon.

The Hall in Which They Are Held Takes Fire from an Exploding Lamp—Forty-One of Those Present Burn to Death.

KLAMATH FALLS, Ore., Dec. 29.—News has just reached here that a horrible holocaust occurred at Silver Lake, Lake county, Ore., on Christmas eve, in which forty-one persons were burned to death and sixteen badly injured, five of whom will die. A large crowd had assembled in Christmas Bros. hall to attend a Christmas tree festival. While the festivities were at their height some one climbed on a bench, from which point he expected to get a better view of what was going on. In doing so his head struck a lamp hanging from the ceiling, overturning it. The oil immediately caught fire and, everything in the room being dry and of an inflammable nature, the room was soon a mass of flames.

By this time the confusion was of great that people began scrambling in a wild endeavor to reach the door. Women and children were trampled under foot, and, as there was only one exit to the hall, and the fire being between the majority of the crowd and the door, many rushed headlong into the flames. The dead are:

Mrs. John Buick and two children, Mrs. Owsley and two children, J. J. Buick and daughter, Mrs. Snelling, Mrs. Howard and two children, W. O. Heart and wife, Mrs. Coshaw, Frank West, wife and two children, Ed Bowen, Miss McCauley, T. J. Laurie and child, Mrs. Ward, Mrs. Abshir, Frank Horning, Mrs. Payne, Mrs. Williams and child, C. W. Martin and wife, Robert Small, Mrs. Ella Ward and child, Frank Ross, mother and sister, a child of Roy Ward, Ira Hamilton, Mrs. Gus Schroeder and child.

The building, a two-story frame structure, contained Christmas Bros. store. In the first floor was the hall, which was rented for gatherings of all kinds. Silver Lake is a small village in Lake county, Ore., of about 100 inhabitants, and it is 150 miles from the nearest telegraph office.

### BRUTAL INDIAN HANGED.

With Four Other Indians He Killed Four Men in Cold Blood.

DEADWOOD, S. D., Dec. 29.—Two Sticks, the noted Sioux Indian murderer, for whose reprieve many efforts have been made in vain, was hanged here Friday.

[The crime for which Two Sticks was hanged was the murder of Emanuel Benedict, Rodney Royce, James Bacon and William Kelley at Humphrey and Stringer's cattle ranch on the Sioux reservation February 4, 1893. Bacon and Kelly were boys of 15 and 16 respectively and the other two were employees on the ranch. Four other Indians were engaged in the massacre. Of these First Eagle was killed by a pursuing posse, and Fights With Two-Two and White Faced Horse are now serving sentences in the penitentiary. The murder was brutal and unprovoked. The victims were sitting about the fire talking to the Indians when the latter, without warning, opened fire on them and killed three instantly, the other dying soon afterward.]

### A GHASTLY FIND.

A Son Discovers the Dead Bodies of His Parents at Vassar, Mich.

VASSAR, Mich., Dec. 29.—George Palmer and wife were found Friday morning with their throats cut lying dead on the floor. Their son went to the barn to do the work about 8:30 o'clock and when he returned he found his parents dead.

The couple had not lived happily and it is believed that Palmer killed the woman and then cut his own throat. From the position of the bodies Mrs. Palmer had evidently been taken unawares by her husband. After killing his wife, Palmer laid down by her side and drew the butcher-knife which he had used on his wife, across his own throat. The murder theory has no foundation in fact.

### PRINTERS TO COMBINE.

Larger Concerns of the Country Said to Be About to Unite.

AKRON, O., Dec. 29.—It is stated here that there is a project on foot to combine all of the larger printing houses of the country. If the deal is consummated many millions of dollars will be involved, the money coming not only from this country but from Europe. The information comes from one of the directors of the mammoth Werner printing concern of this city. He said that the matter would be fully discussed at the annual meeting of the Werner company to be held at Chicago during the early part of January.

### DISASTROUS FIRE.

Buffalo (N. Y.) Block Destroyed with a Loss of \$300,000.

NEW YORK, Dec. 29.—A special from Buffalo, N. Y., says fire destroyed the three-story brick block at the northeast corner of Broadway and Fillmore avenue. The building was owned by John Kennedy, of Birmingham, and occupied by Eckhardt & Co., Oswald Tinkler and Charles Weisman as stores. The fire spread over the whole block and across Broadway to the three-story brick block extending from Fillmore avenue to Gibson street. The loss will reach \$300,000.

### Cheap Bread at Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 29.—The crusade for cheap bread here has resulted in twenty-five bakers of this city to date reducing the price from five to three cents a loaf. Some reduced to four cents, and but few now are able to maintain the five-cent rate.

## THURSDAY'S BLIZZARD.

The Rigors of Winter Felt Throughout the Country.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Dec. 29.—Thursday was the coldest day of the winter in Minnesota. Out in the state the range was from 26 below at Grand Rapids, to 20 below at Stillwater. Not over 2 inches of snow has fallen at any point and loggers are having serious trouble in moving logs from the woods.

WEST SUPERIOR, Wis., Dec. 29.—The cold snap has not moderated, and a cold, sharp wind has made traveling disagreeable. The thermometer stood at 22 degrees below zero at 9 o'clock p. m. Thursday.

MORENO, Mich., Dec. 29.—The storm in this neighborhood was responsible for the death of one man. Albert Neehaus, who resided about 2 miles from Moreno, was found dead in a fence corner on the public highway about a quarter of a mile from his home early Thursday morning having evidently succumbed to the excessive cold.

CHICAGO, Dec. 29.—The blizzard which raged all of Thursday badly affected transportation lines of all kinds. Horse cars, cable and electric lines were utterly unable to follow schedule time at any period of the day. Trains on all lines of railway were greatly delayed, and the passenger stations were filled with travelers who had missed connections.

MARTIN'S FERRY, O., Dec. 29.—John Moreland was found frozen Thursday morning at Gliem's Run, near his home. He was an old soldier, and worked in the Elson glass factory. He started to walk home from here Wednesday night, and was caught in the storm.

NEW YORK, Dec. 29.—Reports from all sections of this state and New Jersey tell of the severe northwest snowstorm of Wednesday night which was so general in its extent. From one to two feet fell. But few casualties are reported, and railroads as a rule, suffered only slight delays.

At Corning, N. Y., as Excise Commissioner Harrison Howe was shoveling snow Thursday morning he dropped dead of apoplexy. He was a leading citizen and was prominent in G. A. R. and masonic circles.

Clearfield, Lock Haven and Hazleton, Pa., report snow having fallen to a depth of from 20 to 30 inches. Railway traffic was badly hampered through the coal regions, and street car traffic was abandoned.

OMAHA, Neb., Dec. 29.—A veritable blizzard came upon this state Wednesday night and Thursday. At various places in the state the temperature marked 12 to 16 degrees below zero. The mercury dropped 34 degrees in twenty-four hours.

AUBURN, N. Y., Dec. 29.—The storm has caused great inconvenience to railway travelers. One train from the west pushed through the drifts at noon Thursday, but could only get as far as Skaneateles Junction.

CAMDEN, N. J., Dec. 29.—The storm in this vicinity was the most severe since the cyclone of 1888. Electrical wires of all kinds were torn from their fastenings and poles were blown down by the high winds. Market street, one of the principal thoroughfares, was literally blocked with the debris until late in the day. At Seventh and Birch streets seven two-story houses were unroofed and several of the inmates injured by falling bricks and plaster. Trees by the score were uprooted in different sections of the city.

BOSTON, Dec. 29.—The worst storm in three years—a veritable blizzard—burst upon New England at 9:20 o'clock Wednesday night and it howled till daybreak, when the snow turned to rain, and all day there was a deluge. Many ships have been wrecked, causing great loss of life. The storm came from the gulf, and established a world's record for speed, traveling 500 miles in twelve hours.

The wind played a large part, unroofing the South Boston Baptist church, the Bigelow school and numerous dwellings at City Point. In the harbor hundreds of craft dragged anchor, and there were numerous collisions.

Reports from all along the coast bring tidings of wrecks, and so thick has been the weather that life-saving crews could not see more than 100 yards from shore. At least a dozen vessels were driven ashore and their crews rescued with difficulty.

### SKATERS DROWNED.

Three Young Men Perish in an Airhole at St. Paul.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Dec. 25.—A sad accident occurred at St. Paul park Monday afternoon, resulting in the death of Mathew Uhl, aged 19, and his two cousins, Frank and Alphonso Landers, aged respectively 19 and 22 years. At 2 o'clock Monday afternoon the young men were skating on the river when young Uhl and Frank Lander fell into an airhole. Alphonso Lander went to the rescue, when he, too, was drawn into the river and drowned. Mathew is a son of President Uhl, of the German M. E. college, and the affair has cast a gloom over the community. All the bodies were recovered.

### Reception to Ambassador MacVeagh.

ROME, Dec. 27.—Ambassador Wayne MacVeagh's official reception, which had been deferred until the king's return to Rome, was held at 10 o'clock Wednesday evening. All the diplomats, high government and court officials and cabinet ministers were present.

## LOCKED IN A VAULT.

Narrow Escape of a California County Treasurer—Robbed of \$9,000.

SANTA ROSA, Cal., Dec. 29.—Santa Rosa had the biggest sensation in its history Friday. The county treasury was robbed of nearly \$9,000 and County Treasurer Stofen was left insensible in the vault by the robbers, who locked the door. The robbery occurred about 9 o'clock Friday morning, but was not discovered until about 5 o'clock in the afternoon. All this time County Treasurer Stofen lay on the floor of the vault gasping for breath, fearing every moment during conscious intervals would be his last. Had it not been for the timely arrival of his wife, the only person in town who knew the combination, he would have died. She had been at Cloverdale, and on her return here about 4 o'clock learned the treasurer had not been home to dinner. The children said they had taken his dinner to him and left it in front of the office, but that they could not get in.

Mrs. Stofen, suspecting something wrong, rushed down to the office, which is on the south corner of the courthouse and adjoining the sheriff's office. The door was locked, but with the aid of the janitor she opened the door. Between the front part of the office and the treasurer's front office is a wicket gate. This also was locked. Once inside, Mrs. Stofen found her fears realized. On one desk was her husband's coat and hat. On the floor in confusion were money trays on which the treasurer carried money from the vault, which is in a rear office. About that time a faint knocking was heard from inside the vault. Mrs. Stofen cried out that her husband was in the vault and that she could save him if she could remember the combination. The first time she tried she failed, owing to her great excitement. Next time, realizing that her husband's life depended upon her coolness, she was more successful, and the big iron door of the vault slowly swung open. Treasurer Stofen was found on the floor unconscious. The safe door was open and most of the money removed.

Treasurer Stofen, as soon as revived, said he opened the door as usual about 9 o'clock. As he was carrying one of the trays with money from the vault a tall man in stocking feet stepped into the door of the vault and with up-lifted dagger in his right hand told him to drop the trays, which he did. As he stooped over to lay the trays down, the robber struck him a powerful blow on the back of the head which rendered him unconscious, for how long he could not tell. He says the man was tall and wore chin whiskers, and must have gained admittance to the office during the night and waited for him to open the safe.

## IN GREAT NEED.

Further Reports of the Destitution in Southwestern Nebraska.

OMAHA, Neb., Dec. 29.—Mr. Robert B. Peattie, the staff correspondent of the World-Herald, one of the most reliable and accurate writers in the west, has just returned from a two weeks' tour into southwestern Nebraska in order to investigate the reports in circulation of the destitution in that portion of the state. The results of his search through the counties of Buffalo, Dawson, Lincoln, Keith, Perkins, Hitchcock, Chase, Hayes, Dundy and Frontier may be thus summarized:

In these counties, particularly in Keith, Perkins, Chase, Hayes and Dundy the destitution is extreme. Almost two-thirds of the people in these counties are dependent upon charity for support. There is little or no fuel in the country, cow chips are in many places the only fuel. The remarkably mild weather is all that has prevented loss of life by exposure. There is no money in the county treasury to help the destitute, because in fifteen counties of the state almost no taxes have been collected since June 1. The shiftless have left the country and only the farm owners remain. There is almost no water there. No crops were raised at all last year except in the occasional irrigation ditch districts, and ditch irrigation is not possible in some of these counties, because there are no streams. Most of the destitute live in sod houses. There have been only three crops raised in nine years. Heartrending cases of destitution and suffering are heard of in every township. The present cold wave will certainly cause death to large numbers of settlers if it continues and no aid comes. Fuel, provisions and clothing are needed, and the railroads will generally ship them free if sent to the county commissioners at the county seats of these counties.

## KILLED HIS FATHER.

A Young Man Commits Parricide While Shielding His Mother.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Dec. 29.—W. W. Coleman, a well-known merchant of Baldwin, was shot and killed Thursday by his son, Otis, a youth of 18 years. The elder Coleman had been away from home on a spree for several days. He returned Thursday and as was his habit when he was drinking, began to abuse his wife, and when about to beat her the son grabbed a double-barreled shotgun standing in a corner and let him have a full charge of buckshot in his breast at close range. There is much sympathy for the young man.

## RAILWAY CONSTRUCTION.

Less Than Two Thousand Miles of Track Laid Since Last January.

CHICAGO, Dec. 28.—From advance sheets of an article on railway construction in 1894 to appear in the next number of the Railway Age it appears that notwithstanding the many difficulties railroads had to encounter during the last eleven or twelve months nearly 2,000 miles of new track have been laid in the United States during the year now closing, while grading and preliminary work has been done on a considerable additional mileage. In thirty-four of the forty-eight states and territories track has gone down on 153 lines to an aggregate, according to latest returns, of 1,919 miles, and it is possible that a few miles more may be reported in the final statement.

There are fourteen states and territories which have made no additions to their railways. These are Vermont, Rhode Island, Connecticut, Delaware, Maryland, Kentucky, Indian country, Iowa, Nebraska, North Dakota, Washington, Nevada and Idaho. Oregon barely escaped omission by adding less than 2 miles, and Massachusetts, New Hampshire, North Carolina and Virginia kept in by building from 3 to 7 miles each. The number of new roads in 1894 was 153, against 244 in 1893 and 329 in 1892.

The steam railways of the United States now aggregate in length 179,672 miles. Of this mileage 54,300 miles were added in the last ten years, an average of 5,430 miles each year.

## CONVICTED AND SENTENCED.

The Lexow Committee Secures a Great and Substantial Victory.

NEW YORK, Dec. 28.—The Lexow committee, scorned, laughed at and considered a huge joke when it first began its work, has secured its first great victory in the criminal courts. Ex-Police Capt. John L. Stephenson has been sentenced to three years and nine months in the penitentiary at Sing Sing and to pay a fine of \$1,000.

The laughter that first greeted the Lexow committee ceased long ago, but Wednesday marked an epoch in the history of its labors, nevertheless. It was the consummation of its first great case, and now no one can doubt that an almost endless number of convictions, with their accompanying sentences, will follow.

The jury found Capt. Stephenson guilty after a trial ending December 12. The crime charged against him was accepting bribes from street merchants and peddlers, although the only case conclusively proved was that he had accepted four baskets of peaches from a fruit merchant named Martin U. Edwards. It was of this that he was convicted, but there were so many other matters that looked suspicious that the conviction was generally regarded as one for general "boodling" and bribe-taking.

## CHINA WANTS HIS COUNSEL.

Hon. John W. Foster Asked to Aid in Negotiating Peace.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—Hon. John W. Foster has been requested by the Chinese government to go to Japan and meet the plenipotentiaries of the former government to aid them in their negotiations for peace. He has accepted the invitation and expects to leave Washington within a day or two, sailing from Vancouver for Yokohama, on January 7, unless informed of a delay in the departure of the plenipotentiaries. The Japanese government has been advised of the appointment and its minister in this city has expressed his satisfaction with it. Mr. Foster desires to have it understood that he goes to Japan purely in a private capacity as an advisor of the Chinese plenipotentiary. He has no authority to represent or speak for the government of the United States.

## FEARS FOR HER LIFE.

One of America's Richest Women Thinks She Is in Peril.

NEW YORK, Dec. 28.—One of the most remarkable cases ever brought into the American courts promises to be that of Mrs. Hetty Green, one of the richest women in America, against the executors and trustees of her father's estate involving millions of dollars.

According to the story told by her lawyer, William H. Stayton, Mrs. Green is in fear of her life. A belief, firmly fixed, that a band of conspirators took the life of her father, Edward M. Robinson, and of her aunt, Sylvia J. Howland, of New Bedford years ago, and are now seeking her life and the life of her children continually haunts her. Glass, she declares, has been placed in her food not six months ago; blocks of wood and stones have been hurled at her from windows as she was passing on the sidewalks, and on numerous occasions her life has been threatened.

## Nobody Hurt.

PARIS, Dec. 26.—M. Barthou, minister of public works, and Jean Jaures, socialist member of the chamber of deputies, exchanged shots Tuesday on the field of honor. Neither was hurt. The duel was the result of the violent debate in the chamber Monday in which Barthou gave the lie to Jaures.

## Lavigne Not Held.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 28.—The case against George Lavigne and others connected with the contest in which Bowen was killed was dismissed Thursday morning, the court being satisfied that death was accidental.



## ARE STILL FREE.

Labor Leaders Did Not Spend Christmas in Jail.

Judge Woods Grants a Stay of Proceedings in the Debs Case—But This May Mean a Longer Term for the Defendants.

CHICAGO, Dec. 26.—When Judge Woods took his seat on the bench Monday morning Mr. Gregory, representing the defendants, said that his clients desired to test the constitutionality of the Sherman act; they knew that this could not be done so long as the sentence imposed in the Santa Fe case was concurrent with the sentence in the government case. He asked the court to so modify the sentence that it became cumulative, giving precedence to the government sentence, and to stay execution until the defendants could take the issue before the supreme court.

The government agrees. The counsel for the government asked a few questions of the opposing counsel touching the issue and, after a brief consultation, Mr. Walker said that it was evidently the desire of the defendants to test an issue which had never been passed upon by the supreme judiciary, and he and his associates could not see any reason to object to the granting of the reasonable request of the counsel of the defendants.

The defense was willing to take the chances of having the accused spending twice the original sentence in jail for the sake of having both cases decided by the court of last resort. On that point the court issued an order in compliance with the request.

## STORMS ABROAD.

The British Isles and the Continent Suffer from Fierce Gales.

LONDON, Dec. 25.—Reports of the storm received from all parts of England show that immense damage has been everywhere caused by the recent gales. The loss will reach tens of thousands of pounds. Many buildings have been blown down and telegraph wires have suffered greatly. Traffic has been completely suspended in many places on account of the floods. Many ships have been driven ashore by the winds.

Over fifty persons have been reported dead in different places as a result of the storm, while hundreds have been injured. Eight persons, while attempting to escape from a bark driven ashore at Holy Head, were drowned. A chimney at Sheffield was blown down and it is reported that five persons were killed and many injured.

Three fishing smacks went down Saturday night off Stornoway, on the Scotch coast, and all three crews, numbering twenty-two men, were drowned. At Teelin a house collapsed and the three occupants were killed. In Stanolar two persons were killed by a falling chimney.

Dispatches from the continent say that northern France and Germany suffered severely from the storm, although the loss of life and property cannot be estimated. At Hamburg many vessels went adrift and collided or grounded. The tide was the highest seen since 1882. The lower parts of Wilhelmshaven on the North sea were flooded and the dykes would have gone if the garrison had not worked energetically for hours to strengthen them. Luebeck and Colberg also suffered much damage.

At least thirteen persons were killed and sixty injured, many of them fatally, by the wreck of the Manchester express on the London & North-western railway, at Chelford, Saturday. The accident in reality was caused by the recent storm, which has wrought so much damage throughout England.

PARIS, Dec. 25.—The storm which has swept northwestern Europe has done great damage in Belgium. The Dendre overflowed its banks at Termonde, and the inhabitants were aroused at midnight by ringing bells to flee for their lives. In Rotterdam the water rose 13 feet above the usual high water mark. The streets were under 2 or 3 feet of water, and the inhabitants paddled about on raft and in boats.

## A BOLD THEFT.

A Council Bluffs Jeweler Loses Goods Worth \$1,500.

COUNCIL BLUFFS, Ia., Dec. 26.—A very bold robbery occurred in city Tuesday evening. During the absence of the proprietor at supper burglars entered the jewelry store of N. P. Conant, in the heart of the business district. They broke open a glass door in the rear of the shop and one show case was entirely gutted. Between thirty-five and forty gold watches and about fifty silver watches and 100 gold rings were taken.

Will Accommodate Gov. Hogg. New York, Dec. 27.—Henry M. Flagler, of the Standard Oil company, who is wanted by Gov. Hogg, of Texas, for alleged conspiracy in advancing the price of oil in that state in violation of the anti-trust law there, is in New York, and is not perturbed over the outlook. Mr. Flagler declares he will be in a position to be captured by the Texas authorities January 20, when he expects to return to Florida and remain for the winter.

## AFTER ANTHONY.

A Witness Causes a Great Sensation in the Lexow Inquiry.

NEW YORK, Dec. 26.—On Thursday Louis S. Street was sworn before the Lexow committee. He said he was indicted on June 30, 1899, for a felony in connection with "green goods." There were two indictments against him. He declared he had never been in the "green goods" business.

The witness then explained that a man by the name of Edward Beckthold rented an office from him at No. 56 Beekman street. "Anthony Comstock," said he, "came to my office a month after and asked me to tell the name of the man who rented the office. I refused to tell; was brought to the Tombs and held in \$5,000 bail for making 'green goods.'" The witness further said that Beckthold gave his wife \$5,000 as bail for him. The bail was finally reduced to \$2,000 and Street was released from the Tombs.

"Beckthold told me," said the witness, "he gave \$1,500 to Anthony Comstock to square an indictment in the United States court."

The witness also said that he went to Europe, and when he returned the state court indictment was still hanging over him.

"I went to see Anthony Comstock," said he, "and he said he was the only man who could get the indictments dismissed. I called to see Mr. Comstock again in August, 1899, and I paid him \$1,000 in cash to get the state court indictments dismissed. He said when he was taking the money: 'Remember, you are not giving me this \$1,000 as a bribe, but as a donation to the society.'"

This testimony created a sensation in the court.

"Now, are you sure you paid this money to Anthony Comstock?" "I swear before God and man I paid him \$1,000 to have the indictments dismissed and to secure my liberty."

Mr. Goff offered in evidence the two original indictments which had been dismissed as the indorsement showed. Robert Street, a hotelkeeper of Tuxedo and a brother of the last witness, was then called.

"Did you visit Anthony Comstock's office with your brother in August, 1899?" asked Mr. Goff.

"Yes, sir."

"What did you see?"

"I saw my brother pay \$1,000 to Anthony Comstock. There was an agreement between them to get the indictments dismissed. I gave my brother \$300."

Mr. Goff then said that they had evidence, that the police had protected "green goods" men long ago. "We have now evidence," said he, "if the testimony is true, that Anthony Comstock, the president of a private society, has accepted money for substantially the same thing as the police officials."

"That's a pretty heavy indictment against Mr. Comstock, if it is true," said Chairman Lexow.

The last witness corroborated all his brother's story as to the interview with Mr. Comstock.

## SAFELY RETURNED.

Columbus Relies at the Exposition Restored to the Vatican.

ROME, Dec. 28.—The pope at noon Wednesday in the throne room of the vatican received the officers of the United States cruiser Detroit, which recently arrived at Naples with the vatican relics exhibited at the world's fair in Chicago. Among the officers present at the reception were Commander Newell, Lieuts. Rogers and Marshall and Ensigns Evans and Blakely. The American officers were presented by Mgr. O'Connell, who expressed in their name and in the name of President Cleveland thanks for the papal participation in the Chicago exposition. His holiness replied in terms of great affection, and praised the progress, activity and liberality of the United States. The audience lasted half an hour, and at its conclusion all the officers went to Cardinal Rampolla, the papal secretary of state, and presented their compliments to him. Later the officers dined at the American college. The facade of that building and its dining-hall were decorated with the Stars and Stripes. Among those present at the dinner were the United States ambassador, Hon. Wayne MacVeagh; H. R. Whitehouse, secretary of legation; the United States naval attaché, Gen. Hardy, and Rev. Dr. Rioridan.

## THE CURRENCY PROBLEM.

Salient Features as It Develops Before the Lower House.

On the 22d Mr. Coombs (dem., N. Y.) spoke in favor of the bill. Mr. Bell (dem., Tex.) opposed the measure. He said that he noticed that the practical direction of currency reform was toward contraction.

Mr. Hovers (rep., Cal.) and Mr. Bryan (dem., Neb.) also opposed the bill. The latter attacked the administration viciously for dumping on the committee on banking and currency and the house a hastily considered bill like the one pending. Its weakness was demonstrated when, after four days of verbal bombardment, it has been practically withdrawn and another measure substituted. Mr. Bryan said that, stripped of its verbiage, the bill was a simple proposition to authorize the government to loan banks money at a low rate of interest, or at no rate, to be in turn loaned by them at whatever rate they could secure. "Mr. Cleveland thinks," said Mr. Bryan, "that the issue of currency is a function of the government and thought the function of the government and thought the banks should go out of the issuing business. I am not ashamed to say that I stand by Thomas Jefferson and not Grover Cleveland."

Mr. Bryan said he had been and was now in favor of gold and silver money because the amount of money would depend on the law of supply and demand.

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# Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Lighter, sweeter, more wholesome.

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106 WALL ST., NEW-YORK.

AT A GERMAN COURT-MARTIAL.—Captain (presiding).—"Then I am to understand that the accused offered you a cigar when you were doing sentry duty?" "Yes, your honor." "And you declined?" "Yes, to command, your honor!" "And what reply did he make?" "You are an ass, your honor!"—Kölnische Volkszeitung.

Obstructions in a Great Harbor. Are less easily removed than obstructions of the bowels are by Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, infinitely more effectual than violent purgatives, and which never gripes, convulses and weakens as they do. The Bitters also removes malarial and rheumatic complaints, biliousness, sick headache, nervousness and dyspepsia. Give this deserving remedy a fair trial and expect the best and most complete results.

She (severely).—"How many more times are you going to ask me to marry you?" He (calmly).—"How many more times are you going to refuse me?"—Truth.

Don't Neglect a Cough. Take Some Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar instantly. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

## THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Dec. 29.  
LIVE STOCK.—Cattle..... \$4.00 @ 4.75  
Sheep..... 2.50 @ 3.25  
Hogs..... 4.40 @ 4.80  
FLOUR.—Minnesota Patents..... 3.05 @ 3.70  
City Mills Patents..... 4.00 @ 4.15  
WHEAT.—No. 2 Red..... 57 1/2 @ 59 1/2  
No. 1, Northern..... 68 1/2 @ 69 1/2  
CORN.—No. 2..... 51 1/2 @ 52  
January..... 51 1/2 @ 52  
OATS.—No. 2..... 34 @ 34 1/2  
BAY.—Good to Choice..... 12 1/2 @ 13.00  
LARD.—Western..... 6 1/2 @ 7.00  
BUTTER.—West'n Creamery..... 15 @ 16  
Western Dairy..... 10 @ 16

CHICAGO.  
CATTLE.—Shipping Steers..... \$3.10 @ 6.20  
Stockers and Feeders..... 2.80 @ 3.40  
Butcher Steers..... 2.85 @ 3.55  
Texas Steers..... 2.35 @ 3.10  
HOGS..... 3.80 @ 4.70  
SHEEP..... 1.40 @ 3.45  
BUTTER.—Creamery..... 12 @ 23  
Dairy..... 19 @ 19  
EGGS.—Fresh..... 80.00 @ 120.00  
BROOM CORN (per ton)..... 40 @ 55  
POTATOES (per ton)..... 11 1/2 @ 11 3/4  
PORK.—Mess..... 6 1/2 @ 6.70  
LARD.—Steam..... 3 1/2 @ 3.50  
FLOUR.—Spring Patents..... 2 1/2 @ 2.75  
Spring Straights..... 2 1/2 @ 2.70  
Winter Patents..... 2 1/2 @ 2.50  
Winter Straights..... 53 @ 54  
GRAIN.—Wheat, No. 2..... 45 1/2 @ 45 1/2  
Corn, No. 2..... 29 @ 29 1/2  
Oats, No. 2..... 48 1/2 @ 48 1/2  
Rye..... 51 @ 51 1/2  
Barley, Good to Choice..... 13.40 @ 13.40  
LUMBER.—Common Boards..... 12.00 @ 15.00  
Fencing..... 2.20 @ 2.25  
Lath, Dry..... 2.30 @ 2.75  
Shingles..... 1.80 @ 2.75

MILWAUKEE.  
GRAIN.—Wheat, No. 2 Spring..... 41 1/2 @ 41 1/2  
Corn, No. 2..... 31 1/2 @ 31 1/2  
Oats, No. 2 White..... 50 @ 50 1/2  
Rye, No. 1..... 53 @ 53 1/2  
Barley, No. 2..... 11 1/2 @ 11 1/2  
PORK.—Mess..... 6 1/2 @ 6.95  
LARD.—Steam..... 3.20 @ 3.70  
ST. LOUIS.  
CATTLE.—Texas Steers..... 4.25 @ 4.40  
Native Steers..... 4.25 @ 4.55  
HOGS..... 2.75 @ 3.20  
SHEEP..... 2.25 @ 3.00  
OMAHA.  
CATTLE..... 3.20 @ 4.00  
HOGS.—Light and Mixed..... 4.15 @ 4.40  
Heavy..... 2.25 @ 3.00  
SHEEP..... 2.25 @ 3.00

## PHYSICAL STRENGTH.

cheerful spirits and the ability to fully enjoy life, come only with a healthy body and mind. The young man who suffers from nervous debility, impaired memory, low spirits, irritable temper, and the thousand and one derangements of mind and body that result from, unnatural, pernicious habits usually contracted in youth, through ignorance, is thereby incapacitated to thoroughly enjoy life. He feels tired, spiritless, and drowsy; his sleep is disturbed and does not refresh him as it should; the will power is weakened, morbid fears haunt him and may result in confirmed hypochondria, or melancholia and, finally, in softening of the brain, epilepsy, ("fits"), paralysis, locomotor ataxia and even in dread insanity.

To reach, re-claim and restore such unfortunate to health and happiness, is the aim of the publishers of a book of 136 pages, written in plain but chaste language, on the nature, symptoms and curability, by home-treatment, of such diseases. This book will be sent sealed, in plain envelope, on receipt of this notice with ten cents in stamps, for postage. Address: World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

For more than a quarter of a century physicians connected with this widely celebrated Institution have made the treatment of the diseases above hinted at their specialty. Thousands have consulted them by letter and received advice and medicines which have resulted in permanent cures.

Sufferers from premature old age, or loss of power, will find much of interest in the book above mentioned.

CLARA—"Mercy! how very expensive this gift must have been." Edith—"What makes you think so." Clara—"The price mark has been erased."—Inter-Ocean.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, Lucas County.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo County and State aforesaid and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1899.

A. W. GLEASON.

Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co, Toledo, O.

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Hall's Family Pills, 25c.

It is the nudity of the live wire that makes it shocking.—Pittsburgh Post.

\$6.00 to California

Is price of double berth in Tourist Sleeping Car from Chicago on the famous "Phillips-Rock Island Tourist Excursions." Through cars on fast trains leave Chicago Tuesdays via Ft. Worth and El Paso, and Thursdays via Scenic Route. Write for particulars to A. P. PHILLIPS & Co., 104 Clark St., Chicago.

JOHN SEBASTIAN, G. P. A., Chicago.

MAN may dismiss compassion from his heart, but God will never.—Cowper.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an A. No. 1 Asthma medicine.—W. K. WILLIAMS, Antioch, Ill., April 11, 1894.

For twenty years folks all over the world have cured rheumatism, neuralgia, and all other pains and aches by using St. Jacobs Oil. There must be something in it, for you couldn't fool all the people for so many years.



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to make life easier by taking Pearline to do your washing and cleaning. It does away with half the labor, and with all the dirt. It does away with the Rub, Rub, Rub. Nothing in the way of housework is too hard for it; nothing washable is too delicate. All things washable are safe with Pearline. It saves from wear, and it keeps from harm.

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JAMES PYLE, New York.

Beware

you an imitation, be honest—send it back.

265

JAMES PYLE, New York.

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—SEND THIS PAPER every time you write.

A. N. K. A. 18:33

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CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.

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MORSE BROS. PROP'S. CANTON, MASS.



### Distinguished Bachelors.

Pope, Pollock, Herriek, Goldsmith, Macaulay, Watts, Hans Andersen, Voltaire, Swinburne, Newton, and a host of others were bachelors. Pope, who was known as the interrogation point of literature, hated women. Dr. Watts was said to have written one of his sweetest hymns after being refused by a woman. James Buchanan, the bachelor President, was something of an author, and used to publish his love verses in the papers.

In art the bachelors were also numerous. Raphael, Angelo, Landseer, Joshua Reynolds, and Beethoven were never married. Congreve, the dramatist, was a specimen of the bachelor lady-killer, and Swift, bitter and malicious as he was, was really of the same order. Cowper was of a tender, sensitive nature, and was as shrinking as the petals of a dainty flower. At twenty-eight he met with a love misfortune, and the wound never healed. Keats, also tender and modest, had been affected by Cupid's darts, and never recovered. Pope had the iron driven into his soul by his deformity, which made him all the more bitter.

Dr. Thulenburg and Adam Smith had curious stories about their love affairs, and even Hans Andersen, as gentle and lovable as was his nature, had his trials, and told his story in his own simple and childlike way. Turner, the artist, had his life shaped and sharpened by his love shadow, and he became reserved and dropped into the hard line of money-making. Something serious prevailed his writings and paintings.

Lamb was defined as the self-denying bachelor, because he gave up marriage on account of his sister. Gray and Erasmus were old-maidish bachelors. Goldsmith was a blundering bachelor and his life might have been changed good-natured and lovable as he was had he married. The ideal bachelor was Whittier, who was everybody's friend, gentle, good, and kind. Next come the clams, of whom Hume is a distinguished example. Incased in his shell he was a regular bivalve, scolding at everything, and even defending his side. Nowhere in his correspondence could be discovered an evidence of warmth and sentiment.

The corpulent bachelor authors make a long list. Hume was the fattest of the fat. Not appreciated at home, he was intoxicated with the praises of Paris, and made a failure in the salon as a society man. Gibbon's corpulence was even ridiculous, and he won through several courtships, but forgo that his fat kept pace with his fame. After reading several chapters of the "Rise and Fall of the Roman Empire" to Lady Elizabeth Foster, he put on his knees to make his proposal. She refused, and Gibbon could not regain his feet until helped by two stout peasants.

Buckle, Boyle and Spencer were never married, and the fact may have been that many of them never had time. Humboldt was a general favorite in society, and was courted and feted he was witty and sharp at repartee. Though his name is associated with lonely rivers, uncopied wastes, mountain peaks and travel, he was never known as a husband. Buckle was always an invalid and devoted to his mother. Erasmus was a very facetious man and the best critic of his age. Horace Walpole, who for sixty years satirized men, women and things, loved to write letters. In his old age he became infatuated with Miss Berry, but feared that the world he had so long ridiculed would laugh him down. Pope delighted to write letters, and would send half a dozen copies to his lady friends. Though many detested the "wasp," he was devoted to his mother, and was self-sacrificing. Macaulay was never married, but his noble nature shone out in his letters to his sisters. When one of them got married he said he had nothing left but his ambition. —Foreign Exchange.

### While There's Hope, There's Life.

A few years since a book by that name made everybody ask: "Is life worth living?" to which Punch, with a good deal of philosophy as well as fun, answered: "It depends upon the liver." A prominent English physician has undertaken to answer the question in another form. He says not only that life is worth living, but so well worth it that it does not depend so much upon the liver, or any other organ, as upon the liver—the one who lives.

He declares that though there are some maladies which must kill, life in most cases may be prolonged by sheer hopefulness, and that, reversing the old maxim, so long as there is hope there is life. Some live by their excessive muscular vigor; others by their feeling powers; others by their mental or nervous energy. This last class is very large. They live on by sheer power of hope and courage. Their bodies are weak and crippled, but their "go" is remarkable; they live on when everybody is puzzled and wonder how they do it.

He maintains, moreover, that a man may live on when one organ is deranged by shifting the burden to another. Instead of fretting himself because his heart is affected, let him overlook the fact and make his lungs do extra work in vitalizing his blood; so that, if that fluid does not flow as effectively as it might, what does flow shall be pure. The very fact of relieving the diseased organ may cure it.

When a man hopes his brain is stimulated, his nervous system is healthfully excited and vital energy is increased. Increase in vital energy means that disease may be conquered, or at least out-lived.

This sounds well, and undoubtedly is sound in another sense. Yet there still remains the practical difficulty of exciting hopefulness in those who are not hopeful. Some have a genius for hopefulness. Others are naturally depressed. All of us are born either "bulls" or "bears." Some, too, have will power; others lack it; and whether those who have it or not can strengthen it by being told to exert it is a question.

Then as regards hopefulness in disease. Who are more hopeful than those almost dead with consumption, who often on the very day of their death believe that they are on the road to recovery? So far from helping them to recover, physicians say this hopefulness often hastens the end, by making them reckless and unwilling to take the ordinary precautions of diet and habits which even well-people observe. On the other hand, who so gloomy, so hopeless as the victim of liver complaint? He exaggerates his disease, forebodes his early death, perceives no light or warmth in the sunshine nor color in sky or flowers. He often recovers, even after he has abandoned all hope, and as soon as his functions are restored is happy and blooming once more.

But in spite of these exceptions this doctor is probably right. The more hopefulness, the more "spirit" and "go" a man can continue to awaken in himself, the more likely he is to postpone the hour which the melancholy man foresees so long in advance, and, like the coward, by fearing death dies a thousand times, while the brave man dies but once. —Detroit Free Press.

—Of the origin of the word "jingoo" a correspondent of the London Spectator says: "It seems likely enough that the word is pure Basque. 'Jincoo' is the Basque for 'Dieu.' The Basques were famous sailors in the last century and the century before, and our own seamen may have caught the word from them without understanding it. This explanation was given me some years ago by a friend, who had it from the lips of the Basque scholar, Prince Lucien Bonaparte."

—A wonderful mirage was seen recently off over Munjoy, Me. People were surprised at seeing apparently a brick house some six stories high, the colored bricks, the windows and the being plainly seen, floating in the air. The sight was a beautiful one.

This is an excellent time to help the lawn by giving it an application of wood ashes, at the rate of half a ton an acre. In the spring an application of fifty pounds of nitrate of soda may be applied. The frequent mowing of grass robs the soil of fertility.

### The Cowboys Testing the Mettle of Their Herds.

There had been considerable chaffing, verigated with especially lurid illustrations of the possibilities of profanity, on the merits of the two bulls, and for several nights the smoke hung low over the camp-fires, as if listening, too awestricken to rise, to the various stories of their prowess in former struggles. Murcheson's men were to the westward of the trail, but they came over to Zingman's roundup, two miles to the east, every evening to talk over their bull, and speculate on the chances if Zingman's men felt the spirit of ownership in anything they wanted to pit against him. But Zingman's people hesitated. They had a bull, "Texas," which had killed everything he had tackled, and they thought it an unfair advantage to turn him loose against so manifestly an inferior animal as Murcheson's "Wild Bill," though they couldn't call to mind any other animal they were willing to risk money on.

This position broke up the poker game, and gave rise to some pronounced polemics. If wind could have settled the dispute it would have been decided in favor of both sides. Relying on the anecdotes related of each, one would suppose that a contest between them could only result in the termination of time. Murcheson men were a unit in the statement that on one occasion "Wild Bill" had rushed his adversary down, and, unable to stop his headway, had gone home with a Baptist church on his horns. Zingman's people conceded the possibility of this, but maintained and proved conclusively by the testimony of each other that "Texas" had on one occasion picked up an earthquake on his horns and held it there until it agreed never to visit that section again if he would let it go. On this state of facts it was obvious that nothing but a meeting could definitely determine the superiority, and the duel was arranged for Sunday morning. The fight was to come off on neutral ground, midway between the two herds. Every cowboy was to leave his weapons behind him, a judicious precaution, since the cowboy pistol has a supernatural method of discharging itself, without reference to material causes. Each side was to remain behind its own bull, and neither to approach the fracas closer than three hundred yards, the winners to take all the money found on the persons or in the possession of the losers.

Bright and early Sunday morning, the grass still shining in the dew, and the sun coming up with every promise of a glorious prairie day, the bulls were cut out of their respective herds and driven to the battle-ground. A man who has never seen a Texas bull doesn't know how much fight can be tied up in one hide. Strong and wiry, not too heavy in the flank, short of horn and quick in action, he was built to fight, and contrives to discharge his mission without involving himself in unnecessary complication.

Lashed to madness by the whips of the cowboys, laid on mercilessly to arouse their rage, the two bulls came in sight of each other, and their backers withdrew. By nature a Texas bull is all the time as mad as he can get, until he sees another bull, then the thermometer of his wrath goes to boiling point.

As they spied each other their heads went down and their tails went up. They approached slowly and with a sinuous motion, pawing the ground and moaning. "Texas" appeared a little larger of the two, and he was fully as active as his foe. A hundred paces apart they fairly sprang from the earth, and the bellow and the crash of meeting mingled together as the ground trembled beneath them. "Texas" had the best of it, for "Wild Bill" recoiled to his haunches, but the game little bull recovered first, and in the next attack gored "Texas" under the head, nearly reaching his throat. "Texas," still dazed by the first shock, failed to counter on his adversary. But the next rush found him prepared, and he received his enemy full on the forehead, driving him again to his haunches. Before "Billy" could rally "Texas" had raised the flesh off his high forehead bone.

The smell of his own blood crazed the little bull, and his next dash was not straight. He struck Texas obliquely, throwing up the head as the latter and then turning, before he had passed, he ripped up the big bull's fore-leg, catching him behind the shoulder and tearing out the muscles, cords and tendons. Though badly lamed, Texas was not vanquished. Once more he bore the little bull down, but Bill was the least injured of the two, and struggling to his feet he buried a horn in the old wound. It is doubtful if he knew what damage he had done, for he was half blind with his adversary's blood. Texas awaited the next rush where he stood, nor was he kept in suspense. Bill was at him in a moment, but the big bull, sadly hurt, winded and tired, held his head high, and Bill caught him between the forelegs, ripping him to the neck before he tore away.

Then "Texas" turned, and a shout from his backers announced his defeat. With a yell of victory and derision Murcheson's men dashed down and drove their bull back to the herd. Three hours later the two herds were in motion again, but Murcheson's people were enriched to the extent of all the cash whereof Zingman's men had been seized at the time the duel began.

Staggering slowly and painfully down the trail "Texas" limped while on his way back to the ranch from which he came. He couldn't go back to his herd, for the cows will gore a defeated bull to death. There was no effort made to bind up his wounds; they didn't even offer to lead him to water. And so alone he wandered away, beaten, disgraced and grievously wounded, and in a little while was lost to sight in the dust that floated along the prairie. —Drake's Traveler's Magazine.

### Royalty in the Composing Room.

It was my destiny once to engage the deceased Prince Leopold, Duke of Albany, in a long conversation, writes a London correspondent. In the fall of 1879 Prince Leopold, accompanied by his former tutor, Canon Duckworth, visited the office of one of the largest of the London morning newspapers, on the staff of which I was at that time employed. I was deputed by the proprietors to show the Prince over the building, a task which occupied about three hours; for the Prince not only desired to see everything that was to be seen there, but to have it explained to him in detail. The poor old canon became quite wearied of the inspection, and once or twice hinted at the propriety of quitting, until the Prince told him plainly that he was not disposed to hurry. When passing through the composing room, the Prince dumb-founded one of the compositors by asking him for the loan of his composing-stick. Of course the Prince's request was at once complied with, when his Royal Highness proceeded to still further astonish the types by setting two or three lines from a page of manuscript which lay on the case. It was evident that the Prince was perfectly acquainted with the arrangement of the cases and could compose type with ease.

Court etiquette requiring that no one who has not been officially introduced shall put any question to any royal personage, I was precluded asking for the explanation I so ardently desired to have. Noticing, I suppose, my puzzled expression, the Prince proceeded to enlighten me. He had learned practical printing, he said, when a young boy, at his uncle's in Germany, and had spent five weeks at the task.

There is no historic custom in the royal family of England, as there is in that of Germany, requiring every prince to go through the farce of pretending to learn a trade, hence Prince Leopold's knowledge of printing must have been voluntarily acquired. That the late Duke of Albany was an accomplished linguist and musician was generally known, but I think it has been reserved for me to publish, for the first time, that to his other acquirements must be added the art of the compositor. —London Letter.

When defeated in an ambitious pre-ferment it is only one of weak and narrow mind who will indulge in so dark a passion as revenge.

Life is worth the living only when you go at it right.



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"The Great Daily of Michigan."

It has stood the test of public opinion for 21 years, progressing and growing in strength year by year, admired by publishers and all people for its fearless, manly attitude on all public questions, and for its intrinsic merit as a great newspaper.

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STARTLING FACTS FOR DISEASED VICTIMS.

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**ARE YOU?** Nervous and despondent; weak or debilitated; tired mornings; no ambition—lifeless; memory poor; easily fatigued; excitable and irritable; eyes sunken, red and blurred; pimples on face; dreams and night noises; restless; haggard looking; weak back; bone pains; hair loose; ulcers; sore throat; varicose; deposit in urine and drains at stool; distrustful; want of confidence; lack of energy and strength — **WE CAN CURE YOU!**

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JOHN A. MANLIN. JOHN A. MANLIN. CHAR. POWERS. CHAR. POWERS.



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**NO NAMES OR TESTIMONIALS USED WITHOUT WRITTEN CONSENT.**

**VARICOCELE, EMISSIONS AND IMPOTENCY CURED.**

John A. Manlin says: "I was one of the countless victims of early ignorance commenced at 15 years of age. I tried seven medical firms and spent \$500 without avail. I gave up in despair. The drains on my system were weakening my intellect as well as my sexual and physical life. My brother advised me as a last resort to consult Drs. Kennedy & Kergan. I commenced their New Method Treatment and in a few weeks was a new man, with new life and ambition. This was four years ago, and now I am married and happy. I recommend these reliable specialists to all my afflicted fellowmen."

**CURES GUARANTEED OR NO PAY.—CONFIDENTIAL**

"The vices of early boyhood laid the foundation of my ruin. Later on a 'gay life' and exposure to blood diseases completed the wreck. I had all the symptoms of Nervous Debility—sunken eyes, emissions, drain in urine, nervousness, weak back, etc. Syphilis caused my hair to fall out, bone pains, ulcers in mouth and on tongue, blotches on body, etc. I thank God I tried Drs. Kennedy & Kergan. They restored me to health, vigor and happiness." CHAR. POWERS.

**We treat and cure Varicocele, Emissions, Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness, Gleet, Stricture, Syphilis, Unnatural Discharges, Self Abuse, Kidney and Bladder Diseases.**

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**NO NAMES USED WITHOUT WRITTEN CONSENT. PRIVATE.** No medicine sent C. O. D. No names on boxes or envelopes. Everything confidential. Question list and cost of Treatment, FREE.

**DRs. KENNEDY & KERGAN, No. 148 SHELBY ST. DETROIT, MICH.**

**Probate Order.**

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Friday, the 7th day of December in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four.

Present, J. Willard Babbitt, Judge of Probate in the matter of the estate of Jacob Heischardt, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Eva Mary Heischardt praying that the administration of said estate may be granted to herself or some other suitable person.

Thereupon it is ordered that Monday, the 7th day of January next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this Order to be published in the Chelsea Herald a newspaper printed and circulated in said county three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

J. WILLARD BABBITT, Judge of Probate.

[A true copy.] WM. G. DOTY, Probate Register.

### Markets.

Chelsea, Jan. 3, 1895.

Eggs, per dozen	18c
Butter, per pound	15c
Oats, per bushel	30c
Corn, per bushel	25c
Wheat, per bushel	50c
Potatoes, per bushel	40c
Apples, per bushel	75c
Onions, per bushel	35c
Beans, per bushel	\$1.35

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Complete shoe repair outfit, including iron lasts and stand, and everything necessary for complete work. 25 articles only \$2.00. See cut. Extra tools, etc., for harness work—33 articles, \$3.00. Either outfit by express or freight, neatly boxed, on receipt of price. The one ordering the first set in a place secures the agency and makes large profits. No goods until paid for. Address, **ECONOMY SUPPLY HOUSE, Hiram, Ohio.**

### MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

Time table taking effect Nov. 18th, 1894.

**90th MERIDIAN TIME.**

Passengers Trains on the Michigan Central Railroad will leave Chelsea Station as follows:

**GOING EAST.**

Detroit Night Express.....5:10 A. M.  
Grand Rapids Express.....10:35 A. M.  
Mail and Express.....8:19 P. M.

**GOING WEST.**

Mail and Express.....9:17 A. M.  
Grand Rapids Express.....6:30 P. M.  
Chicago Night Express.....10:52 P. M.

WM. MARTIN, Agent, Chelsea.  
O. W. RUEGGS, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago.

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